DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO
(Substance Abuse)

It is the responsibility of the Roselle Park Board of Education to safeguard the health, character, citizenship, and personality development of the students in its schools. The board of education recognizes that the misuse of drugs, alcohol, steroids, and tobacco threatens the positive development of students and the welfare of the entire school community. We, therefore, must maintain that the use of drugs, alcohol, steroids, and tobacco and the unlawful possession of these substances is wrong and harmful. The board of education is committed to utilizing wellness strategies that encourage the prevention, intervention, and cessation of drug, alcohol, steroid, and tobacco abuse.

The board of education recognizes that tobacco is a gateway drug and highly addictive and that the use of tobacco products is a health, safety, and environmental hazard for students, employees, visitors, and school facilities. The board believes that the use of tobacco products on school grounds, in school buildings and facilities, on school property or at school-related or school-sponsored events is detrimental to the health and safety of students, faculty/staff and visitors. The board acknowledges that adult employees and visitors serve as role models for students. The board recognizes that it has an obligation to promote positive role models in schools and to promote a healthy learning and working environment, free from unwanted smoke and tobacco use for the students, employees, and visitors on the school campus. Finally, the board recognizes that it has a legal authority and obligation pursuant to P.L. 2005, Chapter 383 New Jersey Smoke-Free Air Act as well as the federal Pro-Children’s Act, Title X of Public Law 103-227 and the No Child Left Behind Act, Part C, Environmental Smoke, Section 4303.

Students

For the purpose of this policy, "drug" includes all controlled dangerous substances set forth in N.J.S.A. 24:21-1 et seq. and all chemicals that release toxic vapors set forth in N.J.S.A. 2C:35-10.4 et seq.

A. The board of education prohibits the use, possession and/or distribution of any drug, alcohol, or steroids on school premises, and at any event away from the school provided by the board. Compliance with a drug-free standard of conduct at all school functions is mandatory for all students. Pupils suspected of being under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or steroids will be identified, evaluated, and reported in accordance with the law. Assessment will be provided by individuals who are certified by the New Jersey State Board of Examiners as student assistance coordinators or by individuals who are appropriately certified by the New Jersey Board of Examiners and trained in alcohol and other drug abuse prevention. A pupil who uses, possesses, or distributes drugs, alcohol, or steroids on school premises or while attending a school-sponsored activity will be subject to discipline that may include suspension or expulsion, and may be reported to appropriate law enforcement personnel. Pupils suspected of involvement with alcohol, drugs or steroids away from school premises will be advised of appropriate treatment and remediation (N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-10). Treatment services for students who are affected by alcohol or other drug use will be provided by individuals who are certified as student assistance coordinators or who are otherwise appropriately trained in drug and alcohol prevention, intervention, and follow-up. Treatment will not be at the board’s expense.
B. The board directs the establishment of a program designed to provide short-term counseling and support services for pupils who are in care or returning from care for alcohol and other drug dependencies. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-16 the district shall establish a parent/guardian substance abuse program offered at times and places convenient to the parents/guardians of the district on school premises or other facilities.

Enforcement of Drug-Free School Zones

The board of education recognizes its responsibility to ensure continuing cooperation between school staff and law enforcement authorities in all matters relating to the use, possession, and distribution of controlled dangerous substances and drug paraphernalia on school property. The board further recognizes its responsibility to cooperate with law enforcement authorities in planning and conducting law enforcement activities and operations on school property. The board shall, therefore, establish a formal Memorandum of Agreement with the appropriate law enforcement authorities and set forth the following policies and procedures after consultation with the county prosecutor and approval by the executive county superintendent of schools. The Memorandum of Agreement shall be consistent with the Uniform State Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials.

Law Enforcement Liaison

In order to ensure that such cooperation continues, the board directs the superintendent to designate a school district liaison(s) to law enforcement agencies and to prescribe the roles and responsibilities of the school liaison(s). Such assignment shall be in accordance with the district's collective bargaining agreement, if applicable.

Undercover Operations

The board hereby recognizes that the superintendent may request that law enforcement authorities conduct an undercover operation in the school if he/she has reason to believe that drug use and/or drug trafficking is occurring in the school and that a less intrusive means of law enforcement intervention would be ineffective. The board hereby authorizes the superintendent to request such intervention under these circumstances. The board recognizes that the superintendent is not permitted to ask the board's approval for his/her action and is not permitted to discuss any aspect of the undercover operation until authorized to do so by law enforcement authorities.

The board recognizes that law enforcement authorities may contact the superintendent to request that an undercover operation be established in a district school. The board recognizes that the superintendent is prohibited from discussing the request with the board. The board hereby authorizes the superintendent to act upon any such request in the manner that he/she determines is in conformity with the law and the Attorney General's Executive Directive 1988-1 and that is in the best interests of the students and the school district.

The board directs the superintendent and school principal to cooperate with law enforcement authorities in the planning and conduct of undercover school operations. The superintendent, principal, or any other school staff or district board member who may have been informed about the undercover operation is required to immediately communicate information to the county prosecutor or designee if the integrity of the undercover school operation has been compromised in any way.
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)

At the completion of an undercover operation in a school, and with the consent of the appropriate law enforcement authority, the superintendent shall report to the board regarding the nature of the operation, the result of the operation, and any serious problems encountered during the operation.

Summoning Law Enforcement Authorities onto School Property for the Purpose of Conducting Investigations, Searches, Seizures, and Arrests

Any school employee who has reason to believe a student(s) or a staff member(s) is using or distributing controlled dangerous substances, including anabolic steroids, or drug paraphernalia on school premises shall bring that information to the school principal who, in turn, shall report same to the superintendent. The superintendent shall immediately report that information to the appropriate law enforcement agency. If, after consultation with the law enforcement official, it is determined that further investigation is necessary, the superintendent will cooperate with the law enforcement authorities in accordance with the law and administrative code. He/she will provide the officials with a room in an area away from the general student population in which to conduct their law enforcement duties. If law enforcement officials do not choose to investigate the incident, the superintendent may continue the investigation to determine if any school rules have been broken and whether any school discipline is appropriate.

If an arrest is necessary, and no exigent circumstances exist, the superintendent and staff will cooperate with the law enforcement officials and provide them access to the office of a school administrator or some other area away from the general student population. Every effort shall be made to enable law enforcement personnel to carry out the arrest in a manner that is least disruptive to the educational environment. The superintendent or the principal shall immediately notify the student’s parent/guardian whenever a pupil is arrested for violating any laws prohibiting the possession, use, sale, or distribution of any controlled substance or drug paraphernalia.

Whenever the police have been summoned to a school building by the superintendent, the superintendent shall report the reason the police were summoned and any pertinent information to the board at its next regular meeting. If confidentiality is required, the report shall be made in executive session.

Student Searches and Securing Physical Evidence

The principal or his/her designee may conduct a search of a student's person or belongings if the search is necessary to maintain discipline and order in the school, and the school official has a reasonable suspicion that the student is concealing contraband. All searches and seizures conducted by designated school staff shall comply with the standards prescribed by the United States Supreme Court in State in re T.L.O., 94 N.J. 331 (1983), reversed on other grounds, New Jersey v. T.L.O., 569 U.S. 325 (1985) and the New Jersey School...
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)

Search Policy Manual

If, as a result of the search, a controlled dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia is found, or if a controlled dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia is by any means found on school property, the individual discovering the item or substance shall immediately notify the building principal; the principal shall immediately notify the superintendent who shall immediately, in turn, notify the appropriate law enforcement agency. The principal shall ensure that the controlled or dangerous substance and/or drug paraphernalia is labeled and secured in a locked cabinet or desk until law enforcement officials pick it up. The principal shall then contact the student's parents/guardians to inform them of the occurrence.

Whenever law enforcement officials have been called into the school, and a search of a student's person or belongings is necessary, or an interrogation is to be conducted, the superintendent shall request that the law enforcement officials conduct the search, seizure, or interrogation.

Police Presence at Extracurricular Activities

The superintendent is hereby authorized to contact the appropriate law enforcement agency and arrange for the presence of an officer(s) in the event of an emergency or when the superintendent believes that uniformed police presence is necessary to deter illegal drug use or trafficking or to maintain order or crowd or traffic control at a school function.

Resolving Disputes Concerning Law Enforcement Activities

The board authorizes the superintendent to contact the chief executive officer of the law enforcement agency involved with any dispute or objection to any proposed or ongoing law enforcement operation or activity on school property. If for any reason the dispute or objection is not satisfactorily resolved with the chief executive officer of the agency, the superintendent shall work in conjunction with the county prosecutor and, where appropriate, the division of criminal justice to take appropriate steps to resolve the matter. Any dispute that cannot be resolved at the county level shall be reported to the board and shall be resolved by the attorney general whose decision will be binding.

Confidentiality of Pupil Involvement in Intervention and Treatment Programs

Nothing in this policy shall be construed in any way to authorize or require the transmittal of any information or records that are in the possession of a substance-abuse counseling or treatment program including, but not limited to, the school district's own substance abuse programs. All information concerning a pupil's or staff member's involvement in a school intervention or treatment program shall be kept confidential. See 42 CFR 2 and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.5.

Tobacco

Tobacco use is now recognized as a chronic disease and public health hazard. Tobacco use is associated with conditions such as heart disease, emphysema, asthma, high blood pressure, diabetes, and many other chronic diseases. The most effective strategy for discouraging tobacco use by young people is a wellness strategy that supports prevention, intervention, and cessation.
A. Tobacco Use and Possession

1. No student, faculty/staff member or school visitor is permitted to use any tobacco product or electronic smoking device:
   a. In any building, facility, or vehicle owned, leased, rented or chartered by the district;
   b. On any school grounds and property—including athletic fields and parking lots—owned, leased, rented, utilized (e.g., adjacent parking lots) or chartered by the board of education;
   c. At any school-sponsored or school-related event on-campus or off-campus (e.g., field trips, proms, sporting events off campus, etc).

2. In addition, school district employees, school volunteers, contractors or other persons performing services on behalf of the school district (e.g., bus drivers) also are prohibited from using tobacco products or electronic smoking device at any time while on duty in accordance with their contracts or in the presence of students, either on or off school grounds.

3. Further, no student is permitted to possess a tobacco product or electronic smoking device while in any school building, while on school grounds or property or at any school-sponsored or school-related event, or at any other time that students are under the authority of school personnel.

B. Definition of Tobacco Products, Tobacco Use, and Electronic Smoking Device

For the purposes of this policy:

1. "Tobacco product" is defined to include but is not limited to cigarettes, cigars, blunts, bidis, pipes, chewing tobacco and all other forms of smokeless tobacco, rolling papers and any other items containing or reasonably resembling tobacco or tobacco products (excluding quit products);

2. "Tobacco use" includes smoking, chewing, dipping, or any other use of tobacco products;

3. "Electronic smoking device" means an electronic device that can be used to deliver nicotine or other substances to the person inhaling from the device, including, but not limited to, an electronic cigarette, cigar, cigarillo, or pipe.

C. Signage

Signs will be posted in a manner and location that adequately notify students, faculty/staff and visitors about the Comprehensive Tobacco-Free School Policy.
D. Compliance for Students

In recognition that tobacco use is a public health issue and that tobacco is a gateway drug and highly addictive, the board of education recognizes that intervention rather than punishment is the most effective way to address violations of this policy. Students who violate the school district’s tobacco-use policy will be referred to the student assistance coordinators (SAC), guidance counselor, a school nurse, or other health or counseling services for all offenses for health information, counseling, and referral. The administration will consult with appropriate health organizations in order to provide student violators with access to an Alternative-to-Suspension (ATS) program. The ATS program will provide up-to-date information on the many consequences of tobacco use, offer techniques that students can use to stop tobacco use at school, and provide referrals to local youth tobacco cessation programs.

Parents/guardians will be notified of all violations and actions taken by the school. Schools may also use community service as part of the consequences. Ordinarily, and consistent with a wellness strategy, suspension will only be used after a student has three or more prior violations or has refused to participate in other outlined measures.

E. Compliance for Faculty, Staff, and Visitors

As with students, intervention rather than punishment is the most effective way to address adult violations of this policy. Faculty or staff who violate the school district’s tobacco-use policy will be referred to the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) or a tobacco cessation program. Employees who repeatedly violate the policy or do not comply with intervention or cessation referrals may be subject to consequences in accordance with district policy and their contract. Visitors using tobacco products will be informed about the policy and asked to refrain while on school property. Visitors who continue to violate the policy will then be asked to leave the premises. Law enforcement officers may be contacted to escort the person off the premises or cite the person for trespassing if the person refuses to leave the school property.

F. Opportunities for Cessation

The administration will consult with the county health department and other appropriate health organizations (e.g., American Lung Association, American Cancer Society, etc.) to provide students and employees with information and access to support systems, programs, and services (e.g., NJDHSS Quitline 1 866 NJSTOPS (657-8677) and njquitline.org) to encourage them to abstain from the use of tobacco products.

G. Prevention Education

The administration will consult with appropriate health organizations to identify and provide programs or opportunities for students to gain a greater understanding of the health hazards of tobacco use and the impact of tobacco use as it relates to providing a safe, orderly, clean and inviting school environment.
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)

H. Procedures for Implementation

The administration will develop a plan for communicating the policy that may include information in student and employee handbooks, announcements at school-sponsored or school-related events, and appropriate signage in buildings and around campus. A process that identifies intervention and referrals for students, faculty/staff, and visitors who violate the policy will be created and communicated to all students, faculty/staff and parents.

Ongoing Implementation of this Policy

A. Prevention Education for Students

The board will enforce the laws of New Jersey requiring a program of drug, alcohol, steroid, and tobacco education. The superintendent shall prepare and submit to the board for its approval a comprehensive curriculum for such instruction in grades seven through 12 of alcohol and other drug education in accordance with department of education chemical health guidelines, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-1 et seq. Drug, alcohol, steroid, and tobacco education shall be integrated with the health curriculum.

B. Faculty Education and Inservice Training

All district personnel shall be alert to signs of alcohol, drug, steroid, and tobacco use by pupils and shall respond to those signs in accordance with procedures established by the superintendent of schools. The board of education will provide inservice training to assist teaching staff members in identifying the pupil who uses drugs, alcohol, steroids, and/or tobacco and in helping pupils with drug-, alcohol-, steroid-, and tobacco-related problems in a program of rehabilitation. The superintendent will ensure that all district employees receive annual inservice training to make them aware of their responsibilities in accordance with board policies and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-3.1.

C. Annual Review and Distribution of Policy

The board will review annually the effectiveness of these policies and the Memorandum of Agreement entered into with the appropriate law enforcement agency. As part of this review, the board will consult with the executive county superintendent, local community members, and the county prosecutor's office.

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-10, copies of the policy statement shall be distributed to pupils and their parents/guardians at the beginning of each school year. Board policy and procedures shall disseminated be annually to all school staff, students and parents through its website or other means (N.J.A.C. 6A:16-4.2).

D. Administrative Regulations

The superintendent may develop administrative regulations for:

1. A comprehensive program of drug, alcohol, steroid, and tobacco education;
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)

2. The identification and remediation of pupils involved with drugs, alcohol, steroids, and tobacco;
3. The examination and treatment of pupils suspected of being under the influence of drugs, alcohol, steroids, or tobacco to determine the extent of the pupil's use or dependency;
4. The treatment of pupils who use, possess or distribute drugs, alcohol, steroids, and tobacco in violation of law or this policy through referral to an appropriate drug/alcohol/tobacco abuse program as recommended by the department of health; and
5. The readmission to school and treatment of pupils who have been convicted of drug, alcohol, steroid, or tobacco offenses.

E. Reporting and Liability

The superintendent will annually submit a report utilizing the Electronic Violence and Vandalism Reporting system (EVVRS) accurately reporting on each incident of violence, vandalism including harassment, intimidation and bullying, and alcohol and other drug abuse within the school district. Any allegations of falsification of data will be reviewed by the board of education using the requirements and procedures set forth in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.3(g). Board action shall be based on a consideration of the nature of the conduct, the circumstances under which it occurred, and the employee's prior employment record.

At an annual hearing the superintendent shall report to the board all acts of violence and vandalism and incidents of alcohol and other drug abuse that occurred during the previous school year.

Any staff member who reports a pupil to the principal or his/her designee in compliance with the provisions of this policy shall not be liable in civil damages as a result of making such a report as provided for under N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-1 et seq.

F. Confidentiality Requirements

All policies and procedures must comply with the confidentiality requirements established in federal regulation found at 42 CFR Part II.

G. Parental Compliance

Substance abuse in the district is considered a health risk. It is the expressed position of the district that when school rules have been violated, and when a student's health is at risk, we must notify the student's parents/guardians and attempt to involve the family in the rehabilitation plan subject to the confidentiality restrictions of 42 CFR Part II.

Optional Random Drug Testing of High School Students

School districts have the option to conduct random testing of high school students who possess a school parking permit or who participate in extracurricular activities, including sports, for alcohol or other drug use. Testing, if conducted, will comply with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 6A:16-4.4, “voluntary policy for random testing of student alcohol or other drug use.” Before instituting testing, a public hearing will be held concerning the district's policy and procedures. Collection and testing of specimens will be only by the individuals authorized by the regulations. The district's procedures will include a procedure whereby students or their parents may challenge a positive result from alcohol or other drug tests.
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: September 28, 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
Drugs, Alcohol, Tobacco, Steroids, Substance Abuse, Smoking, Drinking, Drug Testing

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 2A:62A-4 Reports by educational personnel on dependency upon or illegal use of controlled dangerous substances or use of intoxicating vapor releasing chemicals; immunity from liability
N.J.S.A. 2C:29-3a Hindering apprehension or prosecution
N.J.S.A. 2C:33-15 Possession or consumption of alcoholic beverage by person under legal age, penalty
N.J.S.A. 2C:33-16 Alcoholic beverages; bringing or possession on school property by person of legal age; penalty
N.J.S.A. 2C:33-17 Offer or service of alcoholic beverage to Underage person; disorderly persons; exceptions
N.J.S.A. 2C:33-19 Paging devices, possession by students
See particularly:
N.J.S.A. 2C:35-7, -10 Definitions
N.J.S.A. 2C:35-2 Abuse abandonment, cruelty, and neglect of child; what constitutes
N.J.S.A. 9:17A-4 Consent by minor to medical care or treatment; venereal disease, sexual assault or drug use or dependency; notice and report of treatment; confidentiality
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-19.2 Student locker or other storage facility; inspections; notice to students
N.J.S.A. 18A:37-1 Submission of pupils to authority
N.J.S.A. 18A:38-31 Violation of article by parents or guardian, penalties
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)

See particularly:
N.J.S.A. 24:21-2 Definitions (New Jersey controlled dangerous substances)
N.J.S.A. 26:3D-55 et seq. New Jersey Smoke-Free Air Act
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.1 Curriculum and instruction
N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-12.2 Student assistance coordinator
N.J.A.C. 6A:14-2.8 Discipline/suspension/expulsion
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-1.1 et seq. Programs to Support Student Development
See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-4.4 Voluntary policy for random testing of student alcohol or other drug use

See also:
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-1.3, -2.2, -2.4, -3.1, -3.2, -4.1 through -4.3, -5.3, -6.1 -6.5
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-12.1 et seq. Pupil Behavior


Regulations Under Drug Free Workplace Act, C.F.R. 4946 (1/31/89)

42 CFR Part 2--Confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records

F.G. v. Bd. of Ed. of Hamilton, 1982 S.L.D. 382


Honig v. Doe 484 U.S. 305 (1988)


In the Matter of the Tenure Hearing of Graceffo, 2000 S.L.D. (September 2002)

Board of Education of Independent School District No. 92 of Pottawatomie County et al.
DRUGS, ALCOHOL, STEROIDS, TOBACCO (Substance Abuse) (continued)


A Uniform State Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials

Possible Cross References:

- *1120 Board of Education Meetings
- *1330 Use of school facilities
- *1410 Local units
- *4131.1 Inservice education/visitations/conferences
- *4231.1 Inservice education/visitations/conferences
- *5114 Suspension and expulsion
- *5124 Reporting to parents/guardians
- *5125 Pupil records
- *5131 Conduct/discipline
- *5131.7 Weapons and dangerous instruments
- *5141.3 Health examinations and immunizations
- *5141.21 Administering medication
- *5145.12 Search and seizure
- *6145.1/6145.2 Intramural competition; interscholastic competition
- 6145.7 Social events/meetings
- *6154 Homework/makeup work
- *6172 Alternative educational programs
- *6173 Home instruction


Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: September 28, 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Drugs, Alcohol, Tobacco, Steroids, Substance Abuse, Smoking, Drinking, Drug Testing
EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

The district shall provide equal and bias-free access for all pupils to all school facilities, courses, programs, activities and services and give them maximum opportunity to achieve their potential regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, sex, affentional or sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, nationality, place of residence within the district, socioeconomic status, disability, or pregnancy. Enforcement of other district affirmative action/equity policies (2224, 4111.1, 4211.1 and 6121) contribute to this legally required equality of educational opportunity.

Staff members shall maintain professional relationships with pupils at all times and develop wholesome and constructive relationships with them. Staff members shall be expected to regard each pupil as an individual and to accord each pupil the rights and respect that are his/her due.

Staff members shall promote a learning environment that encourages fulfillment of each pupil's potential in regard to his/her program, consistent with district goals and with optimal opportunities for pupils. This goal may be reached by adapting instruction to individual needs, by:

A. Insisting on reasonable standards of scholastic accomplishment for all pupils;
B. Creating a positive atmosphere in and out of the classroom;
C. Extending the same courtesy and respect that is expected of pupils;
D. Treating all pupils with consistent fairness.

The board of education guarantees all pupils equal access to all academic programs within the learning environment.

Pupils shall respect the rights of other pupils to receive an education in an environment that is conducive to learning and personal growth. No pupil shall have the right to abridge another pupil's right to privacy or right to hold personal beliefs which are different from those of the mainstream.

Harassment

The district's affirmative action program is part of each academic program regarding all pupils. No one--including pupils, staff members, vendors, volunteers, or visitors--shall commit an act of harassment/discrimination of any kind against any member of the school community on any of the grounds prohibited by law.
“Harassment, intimidation or bullying” is defined as any gesture, any written, verbal or physical act, or any electronic communication, whether it be a single incident or a series of incidents, that is reasonably perceived as being motivated either by any actual or perceived characteristic, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, or a mental, physical or sensory disability, or by any other distinguishing characteristic, that takes place on school grounds, at any school-sponsored function or on a school bus, or off school grounds, in accordance with law, that substantially disrupts or interferes with the orderly operation of the school or the rights of other students, and that:

A. A reasonable person should know, under the circumstances, will have the effect of physically or emotionally harming a student or damaging the student’s property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm to his/her person or damage to his/her property; or

B. Has the effect of insulting or demeaning any student or group of students; or

C. Creates a hostile educational environment for the student by interfering with the student’s education or by severely or pervasively causing physical or emotional harm to the student.

All reported incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be handled according to law and board policy 5131.1 Harassment, Intimidation and Bullying. Harassment may be claimed by a third party. That is, individuals who are not directly involved in the behavior may experience a hostile environment. They shall have the same legal rights to act under this policy as those directly victimized.

Any member of the student body may file a formal grievance related to harassment. The school anti-bullying specialist will receive all complaints and initiate a thorough investigation and will protect the rights of both the pupil making the complaint and the alleged harasser. Filing of a grievance or otherwise reporting harassment of any kind will not reflect upon the pupil’s status nor affect future grades or class assignments.

The administration will inform all pupils that sexual harassment is prohibited in the educational setting. Specifically, no person employed by the district or by a vendor, or acting in a voluntary capacity, shall threaten or insinuate, either directly or indirectly, that a pupil’s refusal to submit to sexual advances will adversely affect the pupil’s standing in the school setting. Pupils are forbidden to harass other pupils or staff members or vendors or volunteers through conduct or communications of a sexual nature within the school setting.

Findings of discrimination in the form of harassment will result in appropriate disciplinary action.

Equity in School

The board of education shall maintain an academic environment that is free from harassment and provide equal and bias free access for all students to all school facilities, courses, programs activities and services, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, gender, religion, disability or socioeconomic status. The board shall ensure that:
EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY (continued)

A. School classrooms and facilities will be barrier free;
B. Attention will be directed at attaining minority representation within each school that approximates the district’s overall minority representation;
C. The district curriculum will be aligned with the State’s Core Curriculum Content Standards and address the elimination of discrimination by narrowing the achievement gap;
D. All students have access to counseling services;
E. Physical education program is equitable and co-educational.

Procedures shall be made available for pupils and/or parents/guardians who wish to file a grievance protesting alleged discriminatory or sexually (or other) harassing action. An immediate report of the allegation should be made to the affirmative action officer or superintendent. Violations of this policy or its related procedures shall be cause for appropriate disciplinary action.

Hate Crimes/Bias Incidents

An employee of the board who becomes aware in the course of his/her employment that a student or other staff person has committed a hate crime or is about to commit one shall immediately inform the building principal and superintendent. All incidents of hate/bias shall be reported whether they occur during school hours on school grounds or otherwise.

Service Animals

Individuals with disabilities shall be permitted to be accompanied by their service animals in all areas of the school facilities where members of the community, participants in services, programs or activities, or invitees, as relevant, are allowed to go.

Implementation

The superintendent shall direct development of procedures regarding the implementation of this policy to include sanctions, protection of individual rights to confidentiality and due process, and notification procedures. The superintendent shall ensure that, annually, all staff and all pupils (in means and terms that are age-appropriate) be thoroughly informed of this policy, their right to file grievances under this policy and the law and the procedures relative to filing. Further, all staff and pupils shall be informed annually of the identity of the district's affirmative action officer and how he/she may be contacted.

The superintendent shall also ensure that staff and pupils participate in educational programs relating to this policy and the maintenance of a safe and nurturing educational environment.

The superintendent shall use all customary methods of information dissemination to ensure that the community is informed of its policies on educational equity.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: October 2015
Readopted: 
Key Words

Nondiscrimination, Affirmative Action, Equal Educational Opportunity, Harassment, Sexual Harassment

**Legal References:**

- **N.J.S.A.** 2C:16-1 Bias Intimidation
- **N.J.S.A.** 10:5-1 et seq. Law Against Discrimination
- **N.J.S.A.** 18A:36-20 Discrimination; prohibition
- **N.J.S.A.** 18A:37-14 Electronic communication, harassment, intimidation or bullying defined
- **N.J.A.C.** 6A:7-1.1 et seq. No child to be excluded from school because of race, etc.
- **N.J.A.C.** 6A:17-1.1 et seq. Managing for Equality and Equity in Education
- **N.J.A.C.** 6A:7-1.4,-1.7 See particularly:
- **N.J.A.C.** 6A:16-6.3(e) Reporting students or staff members to law enforcement Authorities
- **N.J.A.C.** 6A:30-1.1et seq. Education of homeless children and students in state facilities
- **N.J.A.C.** 6A:17-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts

- **Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education,** 526 U.S. 62 (1999)
- **State v. Mortimer,** 135 N.J. 517 (1994)
- **20 U.S.C.A.** 1681 - Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972
- **20 U.S.C.A.** 794 et seq. - Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- **20 U.S.C.A.** 1400 et seq. - Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (formerly Education for All Handicapped Children Act) --Part B
- **42 U.S.C.A.** 12101 et seq. - Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Hawkins-Stafford Elementary and Secondary School Improvement Amendments of 1988 (P.L. 100-297)
- **Saxe v. State College Area School Dist.,** 240 F. 3d 200 (3d Cir. 2001)
L.W. v. Toms River Regional Schools Board of Education, N.J., No. A-111-05 (Feb. 22, 2007), 2007 N.J. LEXIS 184. The New Jersey Supreme Court ruled that a school district may be held liable under the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination (LAD), N.J.S.A. 10:5-1 to -49, when students harass another student because of his/her perceived sexual orientation. A district school will be liable for such harassment if it knew or should have known of the harassment but failed to take reasonable remedial actions. The matter was remanded to the Director of the Division on Civil Rights.

Comprehensive Equity Plan, New Jersey State Department of Education

Possible Cross References:

*2224 Nondiscrimination/affirmative action
*4111.1/4211.1 Nondiscrimination/affirmative action
*5131.1 Harassment, intimidation and bullying
*5134 Married/pregnant pupils
*6121 Nondiscrimination/affirmative action
*6141 Curriculum design/development
*6145 Extracurricular activities
*6161.1 Guidelines for evaluation and selection of instructional materials
*6171.4 Special education

ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE: BILINGUAL PROGRAMS

The Roselle Park Board of Education shall provide English as a second language (ESL) and/or bilingual programs of instruction for pupils who:

A. Do not speak English and need instruction toward mastery of the English language;

B. Speak a language other than English, are more capable of performing school work in that language, and need their basic educational program taught in that language.

The superintendent shall develop procedures in accordance with administrative code to determine which pupils would benefit from ESL and/or bilingual programs and to involve school staff, parents/guardians and community members in reviewing programs to determine which would best meet these pupils’ needs.

The goal of ESL programs is to assist pupils to achieve fluency (including listening, comprehension, speaking, reading, and writing skills) in English. The goal of the bilingual program is to permit pupils to learn subject matter in their primary language while developing English language skills. The goal of all such programs shall be achievement of the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards in mathematics and language arts and literacy.

All district high school English language learner students (ELL) shall satisfy both state and district requirements for graduation, except that any ELL student may demonstrate attainment of state minimum levels of proficiency through passage of the Special Review Assessment process in his/her native language and an English fluency assessment approved by the Department of Education or passage of the Alternate High School Assessment (AHSA) process in English with appropriate accommodations.

Parents/guardians of pupils of limited English speaking ability shall be notified by mail of the fact that their child has been identified as eligible for enrollment in a bilingual, ESL or English language services education program. This written notice shall include the information that the parents may choose to decline to enroll their child into the bilingual program.

Communication with parents/guardians of pupils in these programs shall be in writing and in both English and their primary speaking language. Reports of pupil progress shall be made to parents/guardians on the same schedule as reports of pupils in the regular program.

The superintendent shall direct development of an annual plan for ESL and/or bilingual education that is in compliance with state guidelines. The board will review and approve the plan at a public meeting. The board must adopt the courses of study for ESL and bilingual programs in the same manner in which it adopts the curriculum for the regular program. In order to receive the state-endorsed high school diploma, English language learner (ELL) students must meet the district's graduation requirements.
ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE; BILINGUAL PROGRAMS (continued)

Pupils enrolled in district bilingual or ESL programs shall be assessed annually for exit from such programs, using indicators described in the administrative code. Whenever it is determined that a pupil should exit from the bilingual program, parents/guardians shall be notified by mail.

Parents/guardians may remove a pupil who is enrolled in a bilingual education program at any time; except that during the first three years of the pupil’s participation in a bilingual education program, he/she may only be removed at the end of each school year. Removal prior to the end of the school year shall be approved by the executive county superintendent. If the executive county superintendent determines that the pupil should remain in the bilingual education program until the end of the school year, the parents/guardians may appeal that decision to the commissioner of education/designee pursuant to law. The commissioner shall render a decision within 30 days of the filing of the appeal.

The board may petition the commissioner of education to waive the requirement for a full-time bilingual program when it can demonstrate that it would be impractical to provide such a program, due to the age range, grade span or geographic location of the eligible pupils.

*Note: "ELL" means English language learner, indicating a person who is in the process of acquiring English and has a first language other than English. English language learners are the same students who are sometimes referred to as limited English proficient (LEP).

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: October 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

English as a Second Language, Bilingual Programs, ESL

Legal References:

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<td>N.J.A.C. 6A:5-1.1 et seq.</td>
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ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE; BILINGUAL PROGRAMS (continued)

Possible Cross References:  *5120  Assessment of individual needs
 *5124  Reporting to parents/guardians
 *6121  Nondiscrimination/affirmative action
 *6146  Graduation requirements
 *6147  Standards of proficiency
 *6147.1  Evaluation of individual student performance
 *6171.2  Gifted and talented
 *6171.3  At-risk and Title 1

The Roselle Park Board of Education believes that constructive attitudes and concepts involving the dignity of all kinds of work belong in the curriculum from the beginning grades. Therefore, in fulfillment of the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards, the board shall develop and implement a comprehensive guidance and counseling system that facilitates career awareness and exploration for all students. The board shall ensure that educational programs shall continuously expose pupils to the nature of the wide variety of careers available. The 21st Century Life and Careers Standards in policies shall be infused into the curriculum throughout the grades in age appropriate activities. When any hands-on experience requires use of power tools, etc., all eye protection and other appropriate safety regulations shall be observed.

Career Education and Counseling

The board shall develop and implement a comprehensive guidance and academic counseling program for all students to facilitate career awareness, exploration, and preparation in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.2. This program shall:

A. Be linked to the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards;

B. Be infused throughout the K-12 curriculum;

C. Be supported by professional development programs;

D. Take into consideration the National Career Development Guidelines and the Career Development Standards of the National Standards for School Counseling Programs of the American School Counselor Association in academic, career and personal/social development of the student;

E. Assist students in making and implementing informed educational and career choices, including opportunities to change career focus;

F. Develop the student’s understanding of the relationship between academic attainment, career development, and personal/social development;

G. Encourage students to create and maintain portfolios consisting of student accomplishments in academic and career oriented work;

H. Ensure that students with disabilities (age 14 or younger), if determined appropriate by IEP, have career and academic counseling coordinated with transitional services in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.7.
CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

The board shall develop and implement curriculum and instructional methods that:

A. Are integrated with technological literacy;

B. Provide all students with an understanding of the career application of knowledge and skills learned in the classroom; and

C. Provide all students with the opportunity to apply knowledge and skills learned in the classroom to real or simulated career challenges.

The board will develop and implement for all students a system of career development activities that:

A. Offers the opportunity to explore career interests within, but not limited to, arts and humanities; business and information systems; mathematics, science and technology; and health and human services;

B. Addresses district resources, community needs and student interest;

C. Allows the board to select an appropriate delivery format that may include an integrated curriculum based on the Core Curriculum Content Standards or specialized programs that reflect the needs of students and the community; and

D. Instills the concept of the need for continuous learning throughout one’s life.

The board shall offer all high school students the opportunity to actively explore career interests by participation in structured learning experiences that are linked to the Core Curriculum Content Standards (CCCS) including the Common Core State Standards (CCSS). The structured learning experiences shall:

A. Have identifiable educational goals which support the CCCS and CCSS particularly in the areas of career education; consumer, family and life skills; and technological literacy;

B. Provide that students are supervised by school personnel in accordance with the requirements identified in the Professional Licensure and Standards rules at N.J.A.C. 6A:9-13.19 through 13.22;

C. Be conducted at sites registered with the Department of Education via the work Registration System;

D. Conform to federal and state law.
CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Career and Technical Education Programs

For purposes of this policy, "career and technical education" means an organized educational program that offers a sequence of courses that provides individuals with the academic and technical knowledge and skills the individuals need to prepare for further education and for careers in current or emerging employment sectors. It includes competency-based applied learning that contributes to the academic knowledge, higher-order reasoning and problem-solving skills, work attitudes, general employability skills, technical skills, and occupation-specific skills of individuals. To ensure that all students have access to career and technical instruction the board shall:

A. Guarantee all students the right to apply and, if accepted, attend a county vocational school. The sending district shall be responsible for the tuition and transportation cost;

B. Permit students to enroll in programs of career and technical instruction outside the residence district as long as the resident district agrees to pay tuition and transportation costs, does not offer an identical type of program; and the program of career and technical instruction has space available;

C. Provide that students shall be admitted for enrollment in classes and provided instruction on the basis of their potential for achieving the occupational or other objectives of such instruction; and

D. Allow county vocational schools and their designated representatives' reasonable opportunity, during school hours, to present information about the county vocational schools' programs to students in local districts in grades six through 12.

Career and Technical Instruction

Career and technical instruction shall be designed to prepare individuals:

A. For life skills and paid employment as skilled workers or technicians or paraprofessionals in recognized occupations and in new or emerging occupation;

B. For enrollment in advanced or highly skilled career and technical education programs;

C. For making informed and meaningful occupational choices; and

D. To achieve and combination of the above objectives.

The district board of education or institution of higher education responsible for career and technical education shall:

A. Employ and supervise teachers;

B. Determine whether students qualify for admission to classes;
CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

C. Determine the content and organization of courses and curricula;

D. Provide career and technical education for students with disabilities in accordance with the student’s individual education plan;

E. Include special education programs and services designed to enable academically or economically limited students or students with disabilities to achieve the career and technical education programs’ objectives;

F. Provide academically or economically limited students or students with disabilities, who cannot benefit from regular career and technical education programs, special programs of career and technical instruction that include special instructional devices and techniques and supplementary services as are necessary to enable those students to achieve their career objectives;

G. Work in coordination with the State Board of Education and in cooperation with local private agencies, organization and institutions having responsibility for the education of academically or economically limited students or students with disabilities to plan, develop, establish and administer career and technical education programs and services; and

H. Ensure soundness and quality of career and technical instruction by the application of the Content Core Curriculum Standards.

The superintendent shall seek and use all available state, federal and private sources of revenue for the financial support of career and technical education in this district. The superintendent will develop regulations by which the career and technical education program shall be annually evaluated.

The board of education shall meet the levels of performance prescribed by the Department of Education in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:9-5.1, in the following areas:

A. For secondary students, and postsecondary students in two- and four-year institutions of higher education:

1. Academic attainment;

2. Technical attainment;

3. High school completion (for secondary students only);

4. Credential/diploma attainment;

5. Placement – employment, postsecondary education/further education, or military enlistment;

6. Retention – education, employment, or military service (postsecondary students in two- and four-year institutions only);

7. Non-traditional student participation; and

8. Non-traditional student completion.
CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

B. For postsecondary students in county vocational school districts:

1. Technical attainment;
2. Program completion;
3. Placement – employment, further education, or military enlistment;
4. Retention – education, employment, or military service;
5. Non-traditional student participation; and

The board of education shall make continuous and significant improvement in career and technical achievement of career and technical education students, and levels of performance shall be objective, quantifiable, and measurable. The board shall also identify in the local plans the level of performance targeted for each of the core indicators of performance.

All pupils participating in career and technical education programs supervised by this board or in shared-time programs are considered to be regularly enrolled in the schools of this district, and subject to the policies and rules of this board, including rules regarding attendance for those periods when they are not assigned to outside work projects or other classes.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Career Education, Vocational-technical Education

and visitors in certain cases
N.J.S.A. 18A:54E-1 Business and school partnerships
through -5
N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7 Equality in school and classroom practices
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-2.2 Authority for the state plan for vocational education

See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-3.1 et seq. Professional Licensure and Standards
N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-10.2, -10.13, -12.19 Graduation requirements
through -12.20
N.J.A.C. 6A:19-1.1 et seq. Vocational – Technical Education Programs and Standards

See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:19-1.2, -2.1, -2.3, -3.1,
-5.1, -5.2, -6.1, -6.5, -6.7, -6.8,
CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-17.4 Method of determining tuition rates for county vocational-technical schools
N.J.A.C. 6A:26-12.1 et seq. Operation and Maintenance of Facilities
See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:26-12.2, -12.5 Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1et seq.

Possible Cross References: *3220/3230 State funds; federal funds
*3516 Safety
*5142 Pupil safety
*5145.4 Equal educational opportunity
*6010 Goals and objectives
*6121 Nondiscrimination/affirmative action
*6141 Curriculum design/development
*6142.2 English as a second language; bilingual/bicultural

HIV PREVENTION EDUCATION

The Roselle Park Board of Education believes HIV education should be integrated into the comprehensive health education curriculum, but may also be applied to other curriculum areas.

The district HIV education program must address, at a minimum, the nature, transmission, prevention and effects of the disease. The program shall be provided through a coordinated sequential elementary and secondary curriculum, taking into consideration the age, growth, development and maturity of the pupils and the subject matter of the course. Development of the program should take into account the instructional needs of all pupils in the district.

The superintendent shall ensure that the information presented as a part of the HIV prevention education program is articulated in such a way that transition from grade to grade in the elementary schools and from elementary to secondary approaches to the material will be appropriate for all pupils.

The superintendent shall be responsible for the preparation and development of an HIV prevention education program, with active consultation and participation of an advisory committee that may consist of teachers, administrators, parents/guardians, pupils (as appropriate), physicians, members of social and health service agencies, members of the clergy and representative members of the community. The board shall appoint the members of the committee upon the recommendation of the superintendent. The advisory committee shall be responsible for reviewing the instructional program and all materials to be used and, through the superintendent, of recommending same for board adoption.

The superintendent shall ensure that all staff involved in teaching the HIV prevention education program are properly certified for the subject area in which they are teaching and adequately prepared to teach the material. As necessary, appropriate staff training shall be provided.

Upon request, the HIV education curriculum will be made available to parents/guardians for their review. The superintendent will establish procedures whereby pupils whose parents/guardians present to the building principal a signed statement that a designated part of the instruction is in conflict with his/her conscience, morals or religious beliefs will be excused from that part of the curriculum. An alternative educational opportunity shall be provided during the time a pupil is excused from part or the entire program. The alternative educational opportunity will include topics that do not conflict with the parents/guardians beliefs but fall within the same subject area (i.e. comprehensive health education) as the program from which the pupil is excused. There shall be no loss of class credit or credit toward graduation from such an exemption.

The superintendent shall establish a process for evaluating and updating the HIV prevention education program to incorporate new information. Any such revisions shall be implemented after consultation with and review by an advisory committee as described above.
HIV PREVENTION EDUCATION (continued)

The board of education alone, upon the recommendation of the superintendent, shall determine the content, sequence, and materials of the HIV prevention education program. The board shall ensure compliance with all requirements of state and federal law concerning the content of the curriculum and distribution of materials.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
AIDS, HIV Prevention Education

Legal References: N.J.S.A. 18A:33-1 District to furnish suitable facilities; adoption of courses of study
N.J.S.A. 26:5c-1 et seq. Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.1(d) Curriculum and instruction
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.1(a)7 Health services policy and procedural requirements
N.J.A.C. 8:61-1.1 et seq. Participation and Attendance at School by Individuals with HIV Infection
N.J.A.C. 12:100-4.2 Safety and Health Standards for Public Employees (Adoption by reference)

Possible Cross References:
*1220 Ad hoc advisory committees
*4131/4131.1 Staff development; inservice education/visitations/conferences
*5124 Reporting to parents/guardians
*5131.6 Drugs, alcohol, tobacco (substance abuse)
*5141 Health
*5141.2 Illness
*5145.4 Equal educational opportunity
*6122 Articulation
*6140 Curriculum adoption
*6141 Curriculum design/development
*6142 Subject fields
*6142.1 Family life education
*6142.4 Physical education and health
*6144 Controversial issues
*6146 Graduation requirements
*6161.2 Complaints regarding instructional materials
*6300 Evaluation of the instructional program

CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

The Roselle Park School District provides opportunities for the study of controversial issues.

The presentation and discussion of controversial issues in the classroom must be on an informative basis. Teachers must guard against giving their personal opinions on sectarian or political questions or any other controversial issues until the pupils have had the opportunity to:

A. Find, collect, and assemble factual materials on the subject;
B. Interpret the data without prejudice;
C. Reconsider assumptions and claims;
D. Reach their own conclusions.

By refraining from expressing personal views before and during the period of research and study, the teacher encourages the pupils to search after truth and to think for themselves. The development of an ability to meet issues without prejudice and to withhold judgments while facts are being collected, assembled, and weighed, and relationships seen before drawing inferences or conclusions is among the most valuable outcomes of a free educational system. Classroom discussions on controversial questions which arise unexpectedly shall be the responsibility of the teacher, who shall provide relevant information on both sides of the question. Such discussions shall be kept free from the assumption that there is one correct answer that should emerge from a discussion and be taught authoritatively to the pupils.

Pupils must be guaranteed the right to:

A. Study any controversial issue which has political, economic, or social significance and concerning which (at his/her level) he/she should begin to have an opinion;
B. Have free access to all relevant information, including the material that circulates freely in the community;
C. Study under competent instruction in an atmosphere free from bias and prejudice;
D. Form and express his/her own opinions on controversial issues without thereby jeopardizing his/her relations with the teacher or the school.

If teachers wish to supplement the course guide with material that may be of a controversial nature, i.e., subject to interpretation as obscene, profane, doctrinaire or inappropriate, each in relation to the maturity level of the class, they should review the material with the school principal and chief school administrator first. In doubtful cases, the chief school administrator may present the matter for board consideration. The building principal shall have the authority to limit or suspend discussion of controversial issues pending a review of the issue/materials. Instructional materials not previously approved must be reviewed by the principal before being introduced into the classroom.
CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES (continued)

When public employees make statements pursuant to their official duties: in the classroom, at board meetings, and at other meetings related to educational issues affecting the district, the employees are not speaking as citizens for First Amendment purposes, and the Constitution does not insulate their communications from employer discipline (Garcetti v. Ceballos).

Adopted: December 6, 2005
Revised: March 16, 2010
Revised: November 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Controversial Issues, Curriculum, Instructional Materials, Censorship

Legal References:

N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-34 Written approval required prior to acquisition of certain survey information from students

Pupil Protection Rights Amendment - 20 U.S.C. 1232h


Possible Cross References: *1312 Community complaints and inquiries
*5145 Rights
*6115 Ceremonies and observances
*6141.2 Recognition of religious beliefs and customs
*6145.3 Publications
*6161.1 Guidelines for evaluation and selection of instructional materials
*6161.2 Complaints regarding instructional materials

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

The Roselle Park Board of Education believes that the educational goals and objectives of the district are best achieved by a diversity of learning experiences, some of which are more appropriately conducted outside the regular classroom program.

The purpose of extracurricular activities shall be:

A. To develop useful new capabilities in pupils that can lead to extension of career opportunities;
B. To develop pupil initiative and provide for the exercise of responsibility;
C. To develop leadership capabilities and good organizational skills;
D. To aid pupils in the social skills;
E. To enable pupils to explore a wider range of individual interests than might be available in the regular program.

For purposes of this policy, "extracurricular activities" shall be those activities that are sponsored or approved by the board but are not offered for credit toward graduation. Such activities shall generally be conducted outside the regular school day, available to pupils who voluntarily elect to participate, marked by pupil participation in the processes of initiation, planning, organizing and execution and shall ordinarily include band, clubs, dramatic or musical presentations, and intramural and interscholastic sports.

Equal access to school facilities shall be granted to all activities that meet this definition.

The superintendent shall prepare procedures to implement an extracurricular program which shall:

A. Assess the needs and interests of the pupils of this district;
B. Ensure the provision of competent guidance and supervision by staff;
C. Guard against the exploitation of pupils;
D. Provide for a variety of experiences and a diversity of organizational models;
E. Provide for the continuing evaluation of the extracurricular program and staff;
F. Ensure that all extracurricular activities are open to all eligible pupils and that all pupils are fully informed of the opportunities open to them.
EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES (continued)

The guidance goal for each pupil shall be a balanced program of appropriate academic studies and activities to be determined by the school, the parents/guardians and the pupil. Guidance is necessary to encourage nonparticipants, and to prevent the overenthusiastic from emphasizing activities at the cost of their academic performance.

Only persons in the employ of a board of education shall be permitted to organize district pupils during school time or during any recess in the school day for purposes of instruction or coaching or for conducting games, events, or contests in physical education or athletics.

No activity shall be considered to be under the sponsorship of this board unless it has been approved by the board on recommendation of the superintendent. **Fund-raising activities of extracurricular groups must be approved by the board.**

All pupils in good disciplinary and academic standing shall have equal access to all extracurricular activities regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, familial status, affectional or sexual orientation, gender, **gender identity or expression**, religion, disability, nationality, pregnancy, or socioeconomic status.

**Good Disciplinary Standing**

Good disciplinary standing shall mean that a pupil is not eligible to participate while serving a detention or suspension. Pupils who serve more than three (3) detentions, suspensions or a combination of the two during one term may be found not eligible to participate the following term.

A. When a pupil already participating in an extracurricular activity is reported for an infraction of the rules for pupil conduct, the principal shall appoint a staff committee to consider whether the pupil shall be removed from any or all extracurricular activities.

B. If a pupil was in bad disciplinary standing the previous term, the principal shall refer the matter to a staff committee to determine whether the pupil shall be permitted to participate during the current term.

**Good Academic Standing**

Good academic standing at the beginning of the school year for all grades, six through 12, means successful completion of the previous year's requirements, with no failures. In addition, the previous year's requirements are:

A. For grade 10, completion in grade nine of at least 1/4 of the credits required to receive a Roselle Park School District state-endorsed high school diploma;

B. For grade 11, completion in grade 10 of the same requirements as in A above;

C. For grade 12, completion in grade 11 of the same requirements as in A above.

Continuing good academic standing requires maintenance of passing grades in all subjects during the current year, and in grade 12 taking enough course credits to complete the high school graduation requirement by the end of the academic year.
EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES (continued)

A pupil who begins the year not in good academic standing, who maintains a passing grade in every subject may request consideration to participate in extracurricular activities at the beginning of the second semester.

Attendance

The district's attendance policy shall also apply.

Implementation

The superintendent shall direct development of detailed regulations to ensure equitable implementation of this policy. Particular care shall be taken to ensure that all extra-curricular programs and their operation comply with district equity requirements. Participation in academically related coaching or tutoring groups may be exempt from the eligibility requirement at the superintendent's discretion.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Extracurricular Activities, Co-curricular Activities, Student Activities, Pupil Activities

Legal References: N.J.S.A. 10:5-1 et seq. Law Against Discrimination
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-3 Voluntary associations regulating conduct of student activities; membership; rules and regulations; appeals
N.J.S.A. 18A:19-14 Funds derived from pupil activities
N.J.S.A. 18A:35-20 Participation in courses in which verbalization unessential to understanding of subject matter; location of and children in bilingual programs
N.J.S.A. 18A:42-5, -6 Certain student organizations declared harmful
N.J.S.A. 34:13A-1 et seq. New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act
N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.1 et seq. Managing for Equality and Equity in Education
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.2 Career education and counseling
N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-5.18 Athletics personnel
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.2 Required health services
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-9.1 et seq. Athletics Procedures

20 U.S.C.A. 1681 et seq. - Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972

Good News Club v. Milford Central School, 121 U.S. 2093 (2001)
NJSIAA Constitution, Bylaws, Rules and Regulations
EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES (continued)

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POLICY

Roselle Park Board of Education
Roselle Park, New Jersey

INTRAMURAL COMPETITION; INTERSCHOLASTIC COMPETITION

The Roselle Park Board of Education considers all competitive extracurricular activities—academic, artistic, and athletic—an integral part of the total educational program. Competitive activities shall be under the same administration and control as the rest of the school program and closely articulated with it.

Competitive activities and artistic expression can provide pupils with valuable experiences and opportunities. In this district, the emphasis in any competition or artistic expression shall be on providing inclusion in such experiences and opportunities rather than on producing winning teams or providing entertainment. Practice for or performance in any competitive event shall not interfere with the regular educational program.

The board shall approve all proposed interscholastic competitions, either via schedule or as a discrete event, whichever is appropriate. The board must approve membership in any leagues, associations and conferences, and any agreements with other schools for a series of games or events. Contests of any kind between and among the schools of the district shall be approved by the superintendent.

The board shall appoint coaches, advisors, physicians and other necessary supervisory personnel upon recommendation of the superintendent. The superintendent shall also ensure that training programs/regulations are developed for all extracurricular athletic activities and that all physical facilities involved in any competition in which district schools take part shall be adequate, safe and sanitary.

Public recognition shall be given to participants in academic or artistic competitions in the same measure as to athletic competitors. The district's affirmative action resolution and plan for equity in school and classroom practices shall apply to determining eligibility for competition, approval of each competitive activity in which pupils officially represent the district, and district expenditure to provide facilities and coaches.

Parental Consent

No pupil may participate in a school-sponsored physical or artistic activity outside the general education curriculum without a signed consent form from a parent/guardian naming the activity and acknowledging that the activity may be hazardous.
INTRAMURAL COMPETITION: INTERSCHOLASTIC COMPETITION (continued)

Academic Eligibility

Academic standards for eligibility shall be those established by policy 6145 Extracurricular Activities.

Attendance Standards

Attendance standards shall be those set in policy 5113 Attendance, Absences and Excuses. In particular, a pupil shall not participate in a performance, exhibition, practice or athletic event unless he/she has been present in school that day or has been absent for an excused reason other than for sickness.

Disciplinary Standards

Disciplinary standards are based on board policies 5114 Suspension and Expulsion and 5131 Conduct/Discipline. Pupils on disciplinary probation or serving a detention or suspension may not practice, perform or compete. The superintendent and the building principal shall decide at the end of a probation or suspension whether the pupil may return to practice and competition.

Special Education Pupils

To participate in interscholastic competition, special education students must meet the same requirements listed above and the physical eligibility requirements. Reasonable modifications must be provided to each qualified student seeking to participate in an extra-curricular activity. However, a modification may be denied if, based on an individualized assessment, the modification presents an objective health or safety risk to the student or to others, or where the modification would result in a fundamental alteration to the nature of the program. A fundamental alteration is a modification that provides an objective advantage or disadvantage or requires a change in the rules of competition.

Physical Eligibility

All pupils in grades six through 12 participating in intramural or interscholastic athletics must be given a medical examination within 365 days prior to the first practice session, with a health history update if the examination was completed more than 60 days prior to the first practice session of the first sport participated in. The medical examination shall be given at the student's medical home, as defined in file code 5141.3 Health Examinations and Immunizations. If a student does not have a medical home, the school physician shall conduct the medical examination. Examinations shall be made available throughout the school year consistent with the district athletic schedule. The examination shall be documented on the form approved by the commissioner of education and include, as a minimum, the components listed in the administrative code. In the event a private physician is used, the medical examination shall not be at the expense of the board of education.
INTRAMURAL COMPETITION: INTERSCHOLASTIC COMPETITION (continued)

The parents/guardians shall be sent written notification signed by the examining physician testifying to the pupil's physical fitness to participate in athletics. The reason for the physician's disapproval of the pupil's participation shall be included in the notification. The health findings of the medical examination for participation in athletics shall be made part of the general health examination record.

The superintendent shall present to the board for adoption procedures for administration of the required medical examination. The procedures for the medical examination to determine the fitness of a pupil to participate in athletics shall include a form for a medical history to be filled out and returned by a parent/guardian and a form to be filled out by the examining physician.

The medical examination to determine the fitness of a pupil to participate in athletics shall include, as a minimum, the following:

A. A medical history questionnaire, completed by the parent/guardian of the pupil, to determine if the pupil:
   1. Has been medically advised not to participate in any sport, and the reason for such advice;
   2. Is under a physician's care and the reasons for such care;
   3. Has experienced loss of consciousness after an injury;
   4. Has experienced a fracture or dislocation;
   5. Has undergone any surgery;
   6. Takes any medication on a regular basis, the names of such medication and the reasons for such medication;
   7. Has allergies including hives, asthma and reaction to bee stings;
   8. Has experienced frequent chest pains or palpitations;
   9. Has a recent history of fatigue and undue tiredness;
   10. Has a history of fainting with exercise;
   11. Has a history of family members dying suddenly.

B. A physical examination which shall include, as a minimum, no less than:
   1. Measurement of weight, height, and blood pressure;
   2. Examination of the skin to determine the presence of infection, scars of previous surgery or trauma, jaundice, and purpura;
   3. Examination of the eyes to determine visual acuity, use of eyeglasses or contact lenses, and examination of the sclera for the presence of jaundice;
   4. Examination of the ears to determine the presence of acute or chronic infection, perforation of the eardrum and gross hearing loss;
   5. Examination of the nose to assess the presence of deformity which may affect endurance;
   6. Assessment of the neck to determine range of motion and the presence of pain associated with such motion;
   7. Examination of chest contour;
   8. Auscultation and percussion of the lungs;

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9. Assessment of the heart with attention to the presence of murmurs, noting rhythm and rate;

10. Assessment of the abdomen with attention to the possible presence of heptamegaly, splenomegaly, or abnormal masses;

11. Assessment of the back to determine range of motion and abnormal curvature of the spine;

12. Examination of extremities to determine abnormal mobility or immobility, deformity, instability, muscle weakness or atrophy, surgical scars and varicosities;

13. Examination of the testes to determine the presence and descent of both testes, abnormal masses or configurations, or hernia;

14. Assessment of physiological maturation;

15. Neurological examination to assess balance and coordination and the presence of abnormal reflexes.

Insurance

The board may cover each participant in an extracurricular activity with insurance coverage in consultation with the current insurance carrier.

Parents/guardians shall be strongly encouraged to participate in the supplemental pupil accident insurance program offered by the board.

Pamphlet on Sudden Cardiac Arrest

Once each school year, the superintendent or designee shall distribute to parents/guardians of students participating in school sports, the New Jersey Department of Education’s pamphlet on sudden cardiac death. The pamphlet includes a description of early warning signs and privately available screening options.

Good Sportsmanship

The board believes that instilling habits of good sportsmanship should be one of the primary goals of athletic endeavors and that all district employees should model good behaviors in this area.

It is especially important that the athletic director and coaches accept the responsibility for encouraging young athletes to handle themselves in a sportsmanlike way and be models of self-control and dignity for players and spectators. Coaches shall include discussions on courtesy and sportsmanlike behavior as part of pre-game activities. Student fans shall be reminded that their conduct reflects on the schools of this district and that poor sportsmanship will be disciplined.

Parents/guardians and other adult spectators shall also be encouraged to act as models for young people by demonstrating self-control and dignity at all athletic events.
INTRAMURAL COMPETITION; INTERSCHOLASTIC COMPETITION (continued)

Unsportsmanlike behavior as exhibited through verbal abuse, rude gestures, taunts, obscenities, thrown objects, etc., shall not be tolerated in students, staff or any persons in attendance at district athletic competitions. Discipline may include, but not be limited to, eviction from the competition and prevention from attending further competitions.

The superintendent shall prepare regulations on good sportsmanship and ensure their dissemination to students, parents/guardians and the community.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015

Key Words
Extracurricular Activities, Co-curricular Activities, Competition, Intramural Competition, Interscholastic Competition

Legal References:

- N.J.S.A. 5:17-1 et seq. Athletic code of conduct permitted; “youth sports event” defined...
- N.J.S.A. 18A:11-3 Voluntary associations regulating conduct of student activities; membership; rules and regulations; appeals
- N.J.S.A. 18A:36-20 Discrimination; prohibition
- N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-1 et seq. School orchestra not to compete with civilian musicians; exceptions
- N.J.S.A. 18A:43-1 Accident insurance for pupils authorized
- N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.4 Responsibilities of the district board of education
- N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7 Equality in school and classroom practices
- N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-5.18 Athletics personnel
- N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.1 et seq. General Provisions for School Health Services
- See particularly:
- N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.2 Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts
- N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Athletic Procedures
- See particularly:
INTRAMURAL COMPETITION: INTERSCHOLASTIC COMPETITION (continued)

20 U.S.C.A. 1681 et seq. - Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972
29 U.S.C.A. 794 et seq. - Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973


NJSIAA Constitution, Bylaws, Rules and Regulations

The Comprehensive Equity Plan, New Jersey State Department of Education

Possible Cross References:
*1322 Contests for pupils
1500 Relations between area, county, state, regional and national associations
and the district
*3250 Income from fees, fines, charges
*3453 School activity funds
3530 Insurance management
*3541.31 Privately owned vehicles
4143 Extra pay for extra work
*5125 Pupil records
*5126 Awards for achievement
*5131 Conduct/discipline
*5131.1 Harassment, intimidation and bullying
*5141.1 Accidents
*5141.3 Health examinations and immunizations
*5141.8 Sports related concussion and head injury
5143 Insurance
*5145.4 Equal educational opportunity
*6121 Nondiscrimination/affirmative action
*6142.4 Physical education and health
*6145 Extracurricular activities
6145.4 Public performances and exhibitions
*6146 Graduation requirements
*6147.1 Evaluation of individual student performance

GRADED REQUIREMENTS

In order to be graduated from the Roselle Park District High School, and receive a state-endorsed board of education diploma, a pupil must:

A. Meet both state and district proficiency standards in the core curriculum content areas; achieve or exceed passing grade on HSPA;

B. Complete successfully any course requirements stated in the administrative code, unless those of the district are greater, in which case the district's standard must be met. The proficiencies required must include the Common Core State Standards in mathematics and language arts and literacy and the Core Curriculum Content Standards approved by the State Board of Education;

C. Select and complete successfully enough credits to meet the district minimum of 120 credits.

Successful completion means that the pupil has demonstrated the degree of proficiency required by the district to indicate achievement of the district goals for the particular course, and has attended the required number of course sessions.

Transfer pupils must meet all state and local requirements in order to receive a state-endorsed board of education diploma.

Graduation Standards

All students are required to complete 120 credits in courses designed to meet all of the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards, including but not limited to the following credits:

1. Four years of English – At least 20 credits in language arts literacy.
2. Three years of Mathematics – At least 15 credits in Mathematics.
3. One year of World History – 5 credits.
4. Two years of United States History – 10 credits – At least 15 credits in social studies.
5. Three years of Science – At least 15 credits in Science (includes one year of Biology).
6. Four years of Physical Education and 1.25 credits (each) in Health Education, First Aid, and Family Life.
7. One year of World Language – At least 5 credits of World Language.
9. Five credits in Career Education and Consumer, Family and Life Skills (Practical Arts). 2.5 of these credits are satisfied by the requirement of one (1) semester of Computer Applications.
10. Cross-content workplace readiness which may be satisfied through infusion into existing course equivalents, or career education courses.
GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS (continued)

The superintendent shall put into effect the procedures necessary to assess each pupil upon entry into the system, and, annually thereafter, to identify those pupils not meeting the state or district proficiency requirements. He/she shall develop the programs necessary to remedy these deficiencies at the lowest possible grade level.

**Basic Skills**

Pupils who do not pass the New Jersey Statewide Assessment shall be provided appropriate remediation.

Twelfth-grade pupils who have satisfied all other graduation requirements but have repeatedly failed the statewide examination shall receive a special review assessment as provided by law.

**Pupils with Limited English Proficiency**

Pupils with limited English proficiency must be provided with the program opportunities required by law, and must fulfill the regular state and district requirements for graduation.

**Special Education Pupils**

A disabled pupil must meet all state and local high school graduation requirements in order to receive a state-endorsed high school diploma unless exempted in his/her IEP with the written approval of the superintendent.

A pupil who qualifies may take the Alternate Proficiency Assessment, if alternate requirements for graduation have been specified in his/her IEP.

By June 30 of a disabled pupil's last year in the elementary program, the pupil's case manager, parent/guardian and teacher(s) shall meet to review the instructional guide and basic plan of the pupil's IEP in view of the transition to the secondary program. Input from appropriate staff from the secondary school shall be part of the review.

The basic plan of the IEP for the pupil exiting the elementary program will address all the elements required in the administrative code. The description of the educational program will include exemptions, if any, from regular education program options or state and local graduation requirements including HSPA, along with the rationale for the exemptions. The exemptions must be approved in writing by the superintendent.

Required reviews of the IEP shall continue to address graduation requirements and shall explain why the proficiencies required for graduation are not part of the IEP.

Because graduation with a state-endorsed diploma is a change of placement that requires written notice, all procedures described in the administrative code shall be followed scrupulously. Procedures shall include written notice to parents/guardians that includes a copy of procedural safeguards published by the State Department of Education and opportunity for mediation or a due process hearing.
GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS (continued)

Proficiency

In consultation with appropriate professional staff, the superintendent shall develop and present to the board for adoption indicators of achievement and standards of proficiency and attendance demonstrating successful completion of each course offered at every level of the high school. The subject matter and standards of proficiency shall be articulated with the district's elementary schools and with sending elementary districts. In accordance with law, the board of education shall have copies of this policy distributed to all ninth-grade (or otherwise entering pupils) and their parents/guardians. They shall also be informed as to the examinations, demonstrated proficiencies, course and credit hour requirements, attendance policies, and any other state and local requirements. Proficiency requirements for each individual course shall be given to pupils upon registering for the course. The yearly program of studies for each pupil in the high school must be approved and signed by the parent/guardian, except in the case of 18-year-old pupils.

Early Graduation

Pupils who have clearly demonstrated a scholastic aptitude, an unusual readiness for the world of work, a financial need, or a serious health or family concern may be considered for early graduation. Minimal graduation requirements must be completed early. Approval must be obtained from the parents/guardians and the administration.

Individualized Student Learning Opportunities

The board shall establish a process to approve individualized student learning opportunities that meet or exceed the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards.

A. Individualized student learning opportunities areas include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Independent study;
2. Online learning;
3. Study abroad programs;
4. Student exchange programs; and
5. Structured learning experiences, including, but not limited to, work-based programs, internships, apprenticeships, and service learning experiences.

B. Individualized student learning opportunities based upon specific instructional objectives aimed at meeting or exceeding the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards shall:

1. Be based on student interest and career goals as reflected in the Personalized Student Learning Plans;
2. Include demonstration of student competency;
3. Be on file in the school district and subject to review by the Commissioner or his or her designee.
GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS (continued)

To earn credit toward high school graduation for individualized student learning opportunities, the student shall successfully complete assessments that verify student achievement in meeting or exceeding the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards at the high school level. Achievement may be verified by assessments including standards achieved by means of the individualized student learning opportunities. Such programs or assessments may occur all or in part prior to a student’s high school enrollment.

No assessments administered shall preclude or exempt student participation in applicable Statewide assessments at grades three through 12.

Pupil Enrollment in College Courses– Option 2

The board shall make reasonable efforts to develop articulation agreements with New Jersey colleges and universities to facilitate the delivery of college credit courses to qualified pupils.

The board shall establish a process to approve post-secondary learning opportunities that may consist of Advanced Placement (AP) courses, College-Level Examination Program (CLEP), or concurrent/dual enrollment at accredited higher education institutions. Students shall receive credit for successful completion of an approved, accredited college course that assures achievement of knowledge and skills that meets or exceeds the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards.

The board shall determine eligibility requirements for these pupils and monitor the quality of the courses offered and college faculty who teach the courses.

Reporting and Monitoring

The superintendent shall report annually at a public meeting, not later than September 30, to the board and to the commissioner:

A. The total number of students graduated in the aggregate and disaggregated according to subgroups described in federal law;

B. The number of students graduated under the Alternative High School Assessment (AHSA) process;

C. The number of students receiving state-endorsed high school diplomas as a result of meeting any alternate requirements for graduation as specified in their IEP’s;

D. The total number of students denied graduation from the 12th grade class;

E. The number of students denied graduation from the 12th grade class solely because of failure to pass the High School Proficiency Assessment (HSPA) or Alternative High School Assessment (AHSA), based on the provisions of administrative code.

This information shall be reported to the board at a public meeting prior to the date prescribed by law.
GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS (continued)

The board shall review this policy annually and shall adopt all regulations required by law.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

High School Graduation, Early Warning Test, HSPT, Graduation, Graduation Requirements, Option 2

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 18A:4-25 Prescribing minimum courses of study for public schools; approval of courses of study  
N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-1 Commissioner of education to develop a program of standards and guidelines  
N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-4.1 Operation Recognition; purpose; eligibility; application procedure  
N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-5.1 Boards of education prohibited from excluding students from graduation ceremony or from obtaining yearbook for inability to pay fees  
N.J.S.A. 18A:33-1 District to furnish suitable facilities; adoption of courses of study  
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-17 Credit of seniors in active military and naval service, etc.  
N.J.A.C. 6:30-3.7 Graduation  
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-1.1 et seq. Standards and Assessment  
See particularly:  
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-1.2-.21-.31, -3.3-.4.1, -4.2, -4.3, -5.1, -5.2  
N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.7 Individualized education program  
N.J.A.C. 6A:14-4.11 Graduation  
N.J.A.C. 6A:15-1.11 Graduation requirements for limited English proficient Students  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-9.5 Commissioner to ensure achievement of the Core Curriculum Content Standards  
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts  
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-2.1 Definitions  
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-12.1 et seq. Annual Reporting and Planning Requirement  
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-13.1 et seq. Programs and practices to support student achievement  
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-14.1 et seq. State and Federally Mandated Programs and Services
GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS (continued)

The Department of Education Website, http://www.nj.gov/njded/assessment/ (Lists the state assessment components)


Possible Cross References: *1120 Board of education meetings
*5113 Attendance, absences and excuses
*5120 Assessment of individual needs
*5127 Commencement activities
6000 Concepts and roles in instruction
*6010 Goals and objectives
*6122 Articulation
*6140 Curriculum adoption
6141.4 Independent study
*6142 Subject fields
*6142.2 English as a second language; bilingual/bicultural
*6142.6 Basic skills
*6145 Extracurricular activities
*6147 Standards of proficiency
*6154 Homework/makeup work
*6171.4 Special education
*6200 Adult/community education

EVALUATION OF INDIVIDUAL STUDENT PERFORMANCE

Grading

The superintendent, in consultation with the teaching staff, shall develop a marking system to be used uniformly in the same grade level throughout the schools. The system should be clear, easily understood by parents/guardians and pupils, and able to be applied with consistency of interpretation. Computation of grade-point average and rank in class shall be uniform throughout the district. Evaluation and grading symbols shall be intended to appraise the pupil's progress toward established goals, and shall be a factor in promotion/graduation decisions.

The board of education encourages the certified staff, under the direction of the superintendent, to employ a comprehensive approach to the use of appraisal and evaluative techniques in monitoring pupil progress, including, but not limited to, written and oral teacher-made tests, performance observation, parent/guardian interviews, formal and informal evaluation techniques, use of cumulative pupil records, and medical examinations. Recognized standardized achievement tests may also be used in grades designated by the board.

The superintendent shall have the right to review disputed grades and with board approval to adjust them.

Testing

In addition to testing procedures established in policy 5120 Assessment of Individual Needs, the school district shall establish and maintain a general testing program to:

A. Improve the instructional program to assist pupils in achieving the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards in mathematics and language arts and literacy;

B. Measure the needs and progress of individual pupils;

C. Measure the achievement of grade levels;

D. Allow comparison of district pupils with national or other norms;

E. Aid in evaluation of programs.

The district testing program shall embody at least the tests required by state and federal law. The administration shall continually scrutinize the applicability and effectiveness of tests being used in the district.

School personnel shall not use tests, procedures or other guidance and counseling materials that are differentiated or stereotyped on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, gender, gender identity or expression, affectional or sexual orientation, ancestry, national origin, nationality, disability, marital status, familial status, pregnancy or social or economic status.
Any requests for surveys, pupil observations, or pupil questionnaires must be forwarded through the principal’s office to the superintendent’s office for approval before any survey or observation can be conducted. If the survey concerns any of the topics described in statute, the superintendent shall obtain written consent from parents/guardians or the students being surveyed at least two weeks prior to its administration.

Individual results of standardized tests, including intelligence tests, shall be made available to parents/guardians upon their request, but shall be considered confidential information to be available only to authorized persons. School and district test results shall be discussed in a public meeting.

**Determining Class Rank**

The superintendent shall develop procedures for determining class ranking that take into account:

A. Records of transfer pupils;
B. Honors and advanced courses.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

**Key Words**
Evaluation, Pupil Evaluation, Student Evaluation, Class Rank, Grading, Testing, Examinations

**Legal References:**

- **N.J.S.A. 18A:7C-3, -4, -6, -6.2 Remedial instruction for students not meeting graduation standards**
- **N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties**
- **N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.9 Pupil promotion and procedures**
- **N.J.S.A. 18A:36-34 Written approval required prior to acquisition of remediation, policies**
- **N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7 Equality in school and classroom practice**
- **N.J.A.C. 6A:8-1.1 et seq. Standards and Assessments**
- **See particularly: N.J.A.C. 6A:8-1.3, -4.1, -5.1 Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts**
- **N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Definitions**
- **N.J.A.C. 6A:32-2.1 Student Records**
- **N.J.A.C. 6A:32-7.1**

34 CFR 98 - Protection of Pupil Rights

**Talarsky v. Edison Township Board of Education**, 1977 S.L.D. 862
EVALUATION OF INDIVIDUAL STUDENT PERFORMANCE (continued)

Possible Cross References:

*1000/1010 Concepts and roles in community relations; goals and objectives
*1120 Board of education meetings
*5113 Attendance, absences and excuses
*5120 Assessment of individual needs
*5124 Reporting to parents/guardians
*5125 Pupil records
*5141.3 Health examinations and immunizations
*6142.6 Basic skills
*6146 Graduation requirements
*6146.2 Promotion/retention
*6147 Standards of proficiency

INTERVENTION AND REFERRAL SERVICES FOR GENERAL EDUCATION PUPILS

The Roselle Park Board of Education shall provide a program of intervention and referral services for general education pupils who are experiencing personal, interpersonal or academic difficulties to help them function productively and develop positively in the classroom environment.

The superintendent shall prepare procedures to:

A. Identify learning, behavior and health difficulties of students;

B. Collect thorough information on the identified learning, behavior and health difficulties;

C. Identify the roles and responsibilities of the building staff who participate in planning and providing intervention and referral plan and services;

D. Develop and implement action plans which provide for appropriate school or community interventions or referrals to school and community resources, based on the collected data and desired outcomes for the identified learning, behavior and health difficulties;

E. Provide support, guidance and professional development to school staff who identify learning, behavior and health difficulties and refer pupils and to school staff who participate in planning and providing intervention and referral services;

F. Actively involve parents/guardians in the development and implementation of intervention and referral plans;

G. Coordinate the access to and delivery of school resources and services for achieving the outcomes identified in the intervention and referral services action plan;

H. Coordinate the services of community-based social and health provider agencies and other community resources for achieving the outcomes identified in the intervention and referral services action plans;

I. Maintain records of all requests for assistance and all intervention and referral services plans in accordance with federal and state law and regulation;

J. Review and assess the effectiveness of the services provided in achieving the outcomes identified in the intervention and referral plan and modify each plan to achieve the outcomes as appropriate; and

K. At a minimum, annually review the intervention and referral services action plans and the actions taken as a result of the building’s system of intervention and referral services and make recommendations to the principal for improving school programs and services, as appropriate.
INTERVENTION AND REFERRAL SERVICES FOR GENERAL EDUCATION PUPILS
(continued)

The board shall review and adopt these procedures, and the superintendent shall report to the board on
their implementation.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
Pupil Assistance Committee, Intervention and Referral Services for General Education Pupils

Legal Reference: N.J.A.C. 6A:16-8.1 et seq. Intervention and Referral Services

Possible Cross References: *6164.4 Child study team
                        *6172 Alternative educational programs

The Roselle Park Board of Education endeavors to provide an educational program adjusted to the needs of the individual child within the financial means of the district. Grouping enables a more efficient use of staff in meeting these needs. Program adaptations provide another means of using staff efficiently and effectively to meet the needs of many children.

When the needs of special individuals or groups cannot be met through adaptation or independent study, the superintendent shall investigate and propose to the board for approval alternative programs and facilities. Alternative education programs shall be approved by the Commissioner of Education.

Each alternative education program shall fulfill the program criteria that are specified in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-9.2 including but not limited to:

A. A maximum student-teacher ratio of 12:1 for high school programs;
B. A maximum student-teacher ratio of 10:1 for middle school programs;
C. An Individualized Program Plan (IPP) shall be developed for each general education student enrolled in the program; and
D. For students with disabilities the alternate education program shall be consistent with the student’s Individualized Education Program (IEP).

Home Schooling

The board acknowledges the right of parents/guardians to educate their children at home. The board is not required by law to allow a resident child educated elsewhere than at school to participate in the regular school curriculum or in extracurricular or sports activities. The board may:

A. Allow a child educated elsewhere than at school to participate in curricular and extracurricular activities or sports activities;
B. Loan books or materials to a child educated elsewhere than at school.

Required Services to Home Schooled Students

When a student of this district is home schooled, the district shall:

A. Provide payment for tuition when a student is enrolled in a shared-time vocational school program. Once a resident student is enrolled in a shared-time vocational school program the student becomes a public school student;
ALTERNATIVE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS (continued)

B. Review any written request for a special education evaluation and if warranted conduct an evaluation as described in board policy 6171.4 Special Education and in accordance with the federal special education law, Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (P.L. 108-446 §612).

If the child is eligible for special education and related services, the district shall make a free, appropriate public education available only if the child enrolls in the district. If the child does not enroll in the district, but the district chooses to provide services, the district will develop a plan for the services to be provided.

Disruptive/Disaffected Children

The board of education recognizes that the active engagement of each student is a primary requisite for sound teaching and learning to take place. When a child is unable to benefit from the educational program because he/she is either disruptive or disaffected, then the educational goals of the district for that child will not be realized and the efforts of other students may be impeded.

In an effort to optimize the educational experience for each child, the superintendent shall develop procedures to identify and work with disruptive/disaffected students.

When it is determined by the child study team that a disruptive/disaffected student is not classifiable, the board shall consider some other program as an alternative to regular classroom attendance. When the district does not have a suitable alternative program available, the superintendent shall recommend to the board placement in a program of another district, or home instruction.

In accordance with state law and board policy, disruptive students whose continuing attendance interrupts the educational program and/or threatens harm to themselves and others may be suspended and considered for expulsion (see policy 5114 Suspension and Expulsion).

Removal for Weapons Offenses or Assault

Any student who is convicted or found to be delinquent for the following offenses shall be immediately removed by the principal from the district's regular education program for a period of not less than one calendar year and placed in an alternative education school or program pending a hearing before the board of education to remove the student:

A. Possessing a firearm on any school property, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored function; or
B. Committing a crime while possessing a firearm.

The superintendent shall determine at the end of the year whether the student is to return to the district's regular education program, in accordance with procedures established by the Commissioner of Education.

Any student who assaults a student, teacher, administrator, board member, or other district employee with a weapon other than a firearm on school property, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored function must be immediately removed from the school's regular education program and placed in an alternative school or program, pending a hearing before the board. The superintendent shall determine when the child shall return to the regular education program.
Potential Dropouts

While statute requires attendance of each student only until 16 years of age, it is in the best interests of both students and the community that they complete the educational program that will equip them with skills and increase their chances for a successful and fulfilling life beyond the schools.

The board directs that whenever a student wishes to withdraw, or has been identified as a potential withdrawal, effort should be made to determine the underlying reason and the resources of the district should be used to assist the student in reaching his/her career goals. No student under the age of 18 will be permitted to withdraw without the written consent of a parent/guardian.

The superintendent shall develop procedures for withdrawal from school that:

A. Make counseling services available to any student who wishes to withdraw;
B. Make every effort to satisfy the student's future educational needs;
C. Help the student define his/her own educational life goals and help plan the realization of those goals;
D. Inform the student of the high school equivalency program;
E. Point out to the student the opportunities available in the armed forces.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Alternative Educational Programs, Home Schooling, Dropouts, Disruptive Students, Disruptive Students, Disaffected Students, At-Risk Students

Legal References:

  See particularly:
  - N.J.S.A. 18A:38-1, -25, -31 Attendance at school free of charge
  See particularly:
  - N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1 Graduation requirements
  - N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.2 High school diplomas
  - N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.1 et seq. Special Education
  - N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.5 Removal of students from general education for firearms offense
  - N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.6 Removal of students from general education for assaults with weapons
ALTERNATIVE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS (continued)

N.J.A.C. 6A:16-9.1 et seq. Alternative Education Programs
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-10.1 et seq. Home or out-of-school instruction for general education students
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-12.1 et seq. Student Behavior
See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-12.2


State v. Vaughn, 44 N.J. 142, 1965

State v. Massa, 95 N.J. Super. 382, 1967

20 USCA Section 8921 Gun Free Schools Act

Possible Cross References: *5113 Absences and excuses
5114 Suspension and expulsion
5119 Transfers
*5131 Conduct/discipline
*5131.7 Weapons and dangerous instruments
*5134 Married/pregnant students
*6142.2 English as a second language; bilingual programs
*6142.12 Career education
*6164.2 Guidance services
*6164.4 Child study team
*6171.4 Special education
*6173 Home instruction

HOME INSTRUCTION

To provide uninterrupted education for pupils unable to attend their regular classes because of illness, disability court order or administrative action, the board of education shall provide away-from-school instruction, when proper application has been made and subject to the following restrictions:

A. The period of absence must be expected to be longer than two weeks except in special circumstances;

B. A parent/guardian or appropriate adult authority must be within call during the period of instruction; and

C. In cases of illness or disability, medical certification is required both of the necessity for the pupil's absence and his/her fitness to benefit from the instruction.

Each case must be approved by board action; all requirements for receipt of state aid must be fulfilled.

Temporary or Chronic Health Condition

The board shall provide instructional services to an enrolled student when the student is confined to the home or another out-of-school setting due to a temporary or chronic health condition or a need for treatment that precludes participation in their usual education setting, whether general education or special education.

The parent/guardian shall submit a request for home instruction in writing. The request shall include a written determination from the student's physician documenting the projected need for confinement at the student's residence or other treatment setting for more than 10 consecutive school days or 20 cumulative school days during the school year.

The principal or his or her designee shall forward the request with the written determination to the school physician, who shall verify the need for home instruction. The school physician may contact the student's physician to secure additional information concerning the student's diagnosis or need for treatment, and shall either verify the need for home instruction or shall provide the board with the reasons for denial. The parent/guardian shall be notified concerning the school physician's verification or reasons for denial within five school days after receipt of the written determination by the student's physician.

The district shall provide instructional services within five school days after receipt of the school physician's verification or, if verification is made prior to the student's confinement, during the first week of the student's confinement to the home or out-of-school setting. Instructional services shall at a minimum include:
A. A written plan for delivery of instruction shall be established to continue the student's academic progress and to maintain a record of delivery of instructional services and student progress;

B. Teachers providing home instruction shall be a certified teacher;

C. The teacher shall provide one-on-one instruction for the number of days and length of time sufficient to continue the student's academic progress and dependent upon the student's ability to participate;

D. For a student with disabilities, the home instruction shall be consistent with the student's individualized education plan (IEP) to the extent appropriate and shall meet the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards in mathematics and language arts and literacy. When the provision of home instruction will exceed 30 consecutive school days in a school year, the IEP team shall convene a meeting to review and, if appropriate, revise the student's IEP;

E. For a student without disability, the home instruction shall meet the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards, and the requirements of the board for promotion to the next grade level. When the provision of home instruction will exceed 60 calendar days, the school physician shall refer the student to the child study team for evaluation;

F. The district shall be responsible for the costs of providing instruction in the home or out-of-school setting either directly, through online services, including any needed equipment, or through contract with another district board of education, educational services commission, jointure commission, or approved clinic or agency. Students who are eligible to receive home instruction as needed at the district’s expense are as follows:

1. A student who resides within the area served by the board and is enrolled in a public school program; or

2. A student who is enrolled in a nonpublic school that is located within the area served by board.

Reasons Other Than a Temporary or Chronic Health Condition

A. The district shall provide home or out-of-school instruction for a general education student for reasons other than a temporary or chronic health condition no later than five school days after the student has left the general education program when:

1. The student is mandated by State law and rule for placement in an alternative education program for firearms offenses and/or assault with weapons offenses but placement is not immediately available;

2. The student is placed on short-term or long-term suspension;

3. A court order requires that the student receive instructional services in the home or other out-of-school setting.
The district shall be responsible for the costs of providing instruction in the home or out-of-school setting either directly, or through online services, including any needed equipment, or through contract with another board of education, educational services commission, jointure commission, or approved clinic or agency for resident students.

B. The home or out-of-school instructional services for reasons other than a temporary or chronic health condition shall meet the minimum standards that are specified in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-10.2(d) including but not limited to:

1. The district shall establish a written plan for delivery of instruction and maintain a record of instructional services and student progress;
2. The teacher providing instruction shall be a certified teacher;
3. The teacher shall provide one-on-one instruction for no fewer than 10 hours per week on three separate days of the week and no fewer than 10 hours per week of additional guided-learning experiences that may include the use of technology to provide audio and visual connections to the student's classroom;
4. The instruction shall meet the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards and the board’s requirements for promotion and graduation;
5. If instruction is delivered in the student's home, a parent or other adult 21 years of age or older who has been designated by the parent shall be present during all periods of home instruction.

Any student receiving home instruction is not considered absent.

Adopted: December 2, 2008
Revised: September 1, 2009
Revised: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
Bedside Instruction, Home Instruction

Legal References:

N.J.A.C. 6A:14-1.1 et seq. Special education
See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:14-4.8, 4.9
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-4.3 Reporting, notification and examination procedures for students suspected of being under the influence of alcohol or other drugs
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.5 Removal of students from general education for firearms offenses
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.6 Removal of students from general education for assaults with weapons offenses
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-10.1 et seq. Home or out-of-school instruction
N.J.A.C. 8:61-1.1 Attendance at school by pupils or adults infected by Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
HOME INSTRUCTION (continued)


Possible Cross References: 4112.2 Certification
*5113 Absences and excuses
*5114 Suspension and expulsion
*5131 Conduct/discipline
*5131.6 Drugs, alcohol, tobacco (substance abuse)
*5131.7 Weapons and dangerous instruments
*5134 Married/pregnant pupils
*5141.2 Illness
*6146 Graduation requirements
*6164.2 Guidance services
*6164.4 Child study team
*6171.4 Special education
*6172 Alternative educational programs

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION/PRESCHOOL

The Roselle Park Board of Education believes that preschool educational experiences contribute to later academic success for all children. Therefore, within the limits of the budget and as required by law, the superintendent shall recommend to the board for approval programs designed for district children under the age required for regular admission. Programs shall address the needs of children who have been identified as requiring special education, as well as of those who have not been so identified.

The preschool curriculum shall consist of developmentally appropriate experiences that provide each child with individual opportunities to develop positive self-esteem, social/emotional growth, language skills, motor development and conceptual skill development.

All preschool programs sponsored by the board shall be consistent with the overall philosophy of the school district and aligned with the Core Curriculum Content Standards Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards in mathematics and language arts and literacy. They shall be coordinated with other relevant district programs such as special education and Title I and articulated with the K-12 curriculum.

Proof of immunizations against communicable diseases and examinations shall be in accord with requirements for kindergarten and first grade admission (see policy file code 5111 Admission).

The board of education shall ensure that the preschool program:

A. Maintains classroom enrollments of no more than 18 children with one certified teacher and one appropriately qualified assistant;
B. Is developmentally appropriate to the age and skill level of the young child;
C. Is designed to meet the New Jersey Preschool Teaching and Learning Standards of Quality, the New Jersey Preschool Program Implementation Guidelines and the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards;
D. Includes transition activities, programs, and services between preschool programs and kindergarten programs;
E. Coordinates with all other relevant school district programs, for example, special education and bilingual education; and
F. Includes an annual program evaluation.
The preschool programs and curricula shall be based on student needs, strengths and interests that focus on all aspects of development: cognitive, social, emotional and physical. Curriculum and assessment strategies and/or resources shall be developmentally appropriate and include performance-based assessment measures.

The board shall ensure that instructional methods and/or strategies are congruent with the cognitive, social, emotional and physical skills of the young child. Instruction shall balance teacher-directed and child-initiated experiences.

The board shall provide professional development and training specific to preschool education for all early childhood education administrators, teachers and teacher assistants.

The preschool program may be offered within a mixed delivery system that includes in-district, private provider and local Head Start agency settings provided that the private provider and/or local Head Start agency program(s) with which the district board of education contracts comply with the school district's program requirements, including the employment of appropriately licensed and qualified teaching staff.

The preschool program shall include parent education activities in the preschool program with specific strategies identified that assist parents in remaining actively involved in their child's education throughout their school years.

Community health and social service agencies shall be included in the planning, operations and, if appropriate, the fiscal support of the preschool program.

The board shall designate an administrator to oversee the preschool program. He/she shall ensure adherence to all applicable laws and regulations in pursuing funding at the federal and state levels, as well as from private sources.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

*Monitored if the district has an early childhood education program.

**Key Words**

Developmentally Appropriate Curriculum, Early Childhood Education, Preschool

**Legal References:**

- N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-54 Access to full day preschool; calculation of preschool education aid
- N.J.A.C. 6A:8-2.1 Authority for educational goals and standards
- N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.4 Requirements for early childhood education programs
EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION/PRESCHOOL (continued)

**N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-6.1** Standard certificate
N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-8.1 Requirements for certificates of eligibility
N.J.A.C. 6A:9B-9.2 Endorsements and authorizations
N.J.A.C. 6A:13A-1.1 et seq. Elements of high quality preschool programs

**N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-8.7** Tuition rate adjustment by districts receiving preschool expansion aid or educational opportunity aid
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts

**N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.11** ECPA district community early childhood educational facilities projects

**N.J.A.C. 6A:32-8.3** School attendance

Possible
Cross References: *1410 Local units
*1600 Relations between other entities and the district
*3220/3230 State funds/federal funds
*3541.1 Transportation routes and services
*5020 Role of parents/guardians
*5111 Admission
*5141.3 Health examinations and immunizations
*6010 Goals and objectives
*6122 Articulation
*6141 Curriculum design/development
*6151 Class size
*6171.3 At-risk and Title 1
*6171.4 Special education
*7110 Long-range facilities planning