POLICY
Roselle Park Board of Education
Roselle Park, New Jersey

File Code: 9270

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The Roselle Park Board of Education accepts the responsibility of governing the operation of the district in the best interests of the total community. Individual members shall subscribe to the code of ethics in bylaw #9271 Code of Ethics. The board as a body, and the members individually, wish at all times to avoid attitudes and actions that might give rise to public questioning of the integrity of any board decision.

Definitions:

For the purpose of this policy, “relative” shall be defined as an individual’s spouse, civil union partner, domestic partner, or the parent, child, brother, sister, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, grandparent, grandchild, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother or half-sister, of the individual or of the individual’s spouse, civil union partner or domestic partner, whether the relative is related to the individual or the individual’s spouse, civil union partner or domestic partner, by blood, marriage or adoption.

“Immediate family” shall be defined as board member or school administrator, their spouse, civil union partner, domestic partner, child, residing in the same household.

Therefore, in addition to complying with all statutory requirements:

A. No board member shall hold any form of paid employment with the district while he/she is serving, nor for six months after leaving office;

B. No board member shall have an interest directly or indirectly in any contract with or claim against the board;

C. No board member shall serve as mayor or as a member of the municipal or county level governing body of the district;

D. Board members shall be in compliance with policy 4112.8/4212.8 Nepotism;

Prohibited Actions

In accordance with the N.J.S.A. 18A:12-21 et seq. no board member shall:

A. Have an interest nor shall his/her immediate family have an interest in a business organization or engage in any business, transaction, or professional activity, which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his duties in the public interest;

B. Use or attempt to use his/her official position to secure unwarranted privileges, advantages or employment for himself/herself, members of his/her immediate family or others;
CONFLICT OF INTEREST (continued)

C. Act in his official capacity in any matter where he/she, a member of his/her immediate family, or a business organization in which he/she has an interest, has a direct or indirect financial involvement that might reasonably be expected to impair his/her objectivity or independence of judgment. No school official shall act in his/her official capacity in any matter where he/she or a member of his/her immediate family has a personal involvement that is or creates some benefit to the school official or member of his/her immediate family;

D. Undertake any employment or service, whether compensated or not, which might reasonably be expected to prejudice his/her independence of judgment in the exercise of his/her official duties;

E. Solicit or accept any gift, favor, loan, political contribution, service, promise of future employment, or other thing of value based upon an understanding that the gift, favor, loan, contribution, service, promise, or other thing of value was given or offered for the purpose of influencing him/her, directly or indirectly, in the discharge of his/her official duties. This provision shall not apply to the solicitation or acceptance of contributions to the campaign of an announced candidate for elective public office, if the school official has no knowledge or reason to believe that the campaign contribution, if accepted, was given with the intent to influence the school official in the discharge of his/her official duties, nor shall a member of his/her immediate family, or business organization in which he/she has an interest;

F. Use, or allow to be used, his/her public office or employment, or any information, not generally available to the members of the public, which he/she receives or acquires in the course of and by reason of his office or employment, for the purpose of securing financial gain for himself, any member of his/her immediate family, or any business organization with which he is associated;

G. Represent any person or party other than the school board or school district in connection with any cause, proceeding, application or other matter pending before the school district in which he/she serves or in any proceeding involving the school district in which he/she serves or, for officers or employees of the New Jersey School Boards Association, any school district. This provision shall not be deemed to prohibit representation within the context of official labor union or similar representational responsibilities, nor shall a business organization in which he/she has an interest;

H. Be deemed in conflict with these provisions if, by reason of his/her participation in any matter required to be voted upon, no material or monetary gain accrues to him/her as a member of any business, profession, occupation or group, to any greater extent than any gain could reasonably be expected to accrue to any other member of that business, profession, occupation or group;

I. Be prohibited from making an inquiry for information on behalf of a constituent, if no fee, reward or other thing of value is promised to, given to or accepted by the member or a member of his immediate family, whether directly or indirectly, in return therefor; and

J. Nothing shall prohibit any board member, or members of his/her immediate family, from representing himself/herself, or themselves, in negotiations or proceedings concerning his, or their, own interests.
CONFLICT OF INTEREST (continued)

Adopted: December 2, 2008
Revised: September 1, 2009
Revised: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015

Key Words
Conflict of Interest, Board Member Conflict of Interest, Board Member Ethics, Ethics

Legal References:

- N.J.S.A. 18A:6-8 Interest of school officers, etc., in sale of textbooks or supplies; royalties
- N.J.S.A. 18A:6-8.4 Right to hold elective or appointive state, county or municipal office
- N.J.S.A. 18A:12-1.1 Ineligibility for appointment to paid office or position filled by board
- N.J.S.A. 18A:12-2 Inconsistent interests or office prohibited
- N.J.S.A. 52:13D-12 et seq. Legislative findings ... (regarding conflict of interest)
- N.J.A.C. 6A:4-1.1 et seq. Appeals
- N.J.A.C. 6A:28-1.1 et seq. School Ethics Commission
- N.J.A.C. 6A:32-3.2 Requirements for the Code of Ethics for school board members and charter school board of trustee members

Scola v. Ringwood Board of Education, 1978 S.L.D. 413
Salerno v. Old Bridge Township Board of Education, 1984 S.L.D. (April 23)
Scannella v. Scudillo, School Ethics Decision, Complaint No. C-14-93
In the Matter of Frank Pannucci, 2000 S.L.D. March 1, State Board Rev’g Commissioner 97

School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A01-93
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A10-93
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A021-93
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A07-94
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A33-95
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A02-00
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A14-00

Possible Cross References:

- *4112.8/4212.8 Nepotism
- *9271 Code of ethics

POLICY

Roselle Park Board of Education
Roselle Park, New Jersey

COMMITTEES

In order to use the time, effort and expertise of the members of the board effectively, the Roselle Park Board of Education shall operate under a committee system or as a committee of three.

The Board may create special committees for special assignments. When so created, such committees shall be appointed by the president, subject to Board approval, and shall terminate upon completing their assignments (or they may be terminated by a vote of the Board at any time).

It shall be the responsibility of such committees to make appropriate and effective use of professional expertise and resources within and outside the district. These committees may actively seek input and participation by parents/guardians, staff, community and pupils, as well as consult with other local public boards and agencies.

The president shall be an ex officio member of each task force or committee. The chief school administrator or a member of the chief school administrator's staff may also be named as liaison to each committee when appropriate.

Standing Committees

The board may authorize the establishment of such standing committees from among its membership as it finds necessary to study operations in specific areas and to make recommendations for board action. The following rules will govern the appointment and function of such committees:

A. The committee shall be established through action of the board;
B. The committee chairperson and members shall be appointed by the board president;
C. The committee shall be provided with a list of its functions and duties;
D. The committee may make recommendations for board action, but it may not act for the board;
E. The board president and superintendent shall be ex officio members of all standing committees;
F. All standing committees shall be dissolved at the end of the board's year – at the annual organizational meeting. They may be dissolved at any time by a motion of the board.

Special Committees

Special committees may be created for special assignments. The same rules shall apply to special committees as apply to standing committees, except that they shall be dissolved upon completion of their assignment.
COMMITTEES (continued)

Committee of the Whole

The board reserves the right to meet and work as a committee of the whole in informational, discussion, and exploratory sessions. No official action shall be taken at these meetings, unless so advertised.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Committees, Board Committees

Legal References:

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School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A01-93
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School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A02-00
School Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion, A14-00

Possible Cross References: *1220 Ad hoc advisory committees
*9121 Election and duties of president
9320 Meetings

ORIENTATION AND TRAINING OF BOARD MEMBERS

Orientation of New Board Members
The superintendent shall prepare materials to introduce new board members to the operating procedures of the district and the details of the curriculum.

Sufficient funds shall be allocated to reimburse new board members for attending NJSBA training in superintendent evaluation within the first six months after taking office, and an NJSBA new board member orientation within the first year of taking office.

Administrative code defines “newly elected or appointed board member” as any board member who has never served as a member of either an elected or appointed school board.

The Board believes that the preparation of each Board member for the performance of Board duties is essential to the effectiveness of the Board's functioning. The Board shall encourage each new Board member to understand the functions of the Board, acquire knowledge of matters related to the operation of the schools and learn Board procedures. Accordingly, the Board shall give to each new Board member no later than his/her first regular meeting as a Board member a copy of the Board policy manual, a copy of the District procedures manual, the current budget statement, audit report and related fiscal materials. Each new Board member shall be invited to meet with the Board President, the Superintendent and the Board Secretary to discuss Board function, policy and procedure.

The Board shall encourage and bear the costs of the attendance of each new Board member at orientation workshops of the New Jersey School Boards Association and Passaic County School Boards Association.

Code of Ethics Training
The board shall ensure that all members of the board receive and review a copy of the Code of Ethics for School Board Members. Each board member shall sign an acknowledgement that he/she has received and read it. Training as required by the administrative code shall be scheduled to familiarize board members with the contents and requirements of the Code of Ethics.

Mandated Training
The board shall ensure that each newly elected or appointed board member receive training in their first year of service regarding skills and knowledge necessary to serve as a school board member. This training shall be offered by the NJSBA, in consultation with New Jersey Association of School administrators, the New Jersey Principals and Supervisors Association, and the Department of Education, and shall include information regarding the New Jersey Quality Single Accountability Continuum, and the five key components of school district effectiveness on which the school district is monitored: instruction and program; personnel; fiscal management, operations and governance.
Within one year after being newly elected or appointed or being re-elected or re-appointed to the board of education, a board member shall complete a training program on harassment, intimidation, and bullying in schools, including the school district’s responsibilities as required by law (N.J.S.A. 18A:37-13 et seq.). A board member shall be required to complete the program only once (N.J.S.A. 18A:12-33).

Each board member shall, in both the second and third year of service on the board, complete the NJSBA training on school district governance.

The NJSBA advanced training program shall be completed by board members within one year of re-election or reappointment to the board of education.

Inservice Development

State, regional and national workshops, conventions, conferences and seminars developed by associations such as the New Jersey School Boards Association, the National School Boards Association, the New Jersey Association of School Administrators, etc., provide unique opportunities for board members to broaden their understanding of their responsibilities, learn new tools and techniques for coping with them, and keep up to date on educational trends.

Therefore, the board recommends that, in addition to sending the mandated delegate to the New Jersey School Boards Association's Delegate Assemblies, the board send representatives to such educational conferences, workshops, conventions and seminars as it shall decide upon each year. A maximum of four members may attend any such function held out-of-state.

The same regulations regarding travel arrangements and reimbursement developed for other district-paid attendance at such events shall apply.

The superintendent shall prepare a checklist for district representatives to such events, to aid them in preparing meaningful reports for the board and the district as a whole. The report shall be presented at a regular meeting of the board within a month of the delegation's return.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Orientation and Training of Board Members, Board Member Orientation, Board Member Training

Legal References:  

N.J.S.A. 18A:6-45 through -50 New Jersey School Boards Association established ...  
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties  
N.J.S.A. 18A:12-33 Training program for new board members  
N.J.S.A. 18A:17-20.3 Evaluation of superintendents; school board training program
ORIENTATION AND TRAINING OF BOARD MEMBERS (continued)

N.J.A.C. 6A:10-8.1 et seq. Evaluation of the superintendent
N.J.A.C. 6A:28-1.2 Definitions
N.J.A.C. 6A:28-1.6 Order to show cause
N.J.A.C. 6A:28-4.1 Board member training
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-3.2 Requirements for the Code of Ethics for school board members and charter school board of trustee members

Amended resolution of the School Ethics Commission (3/23/99)

Possible Cross References:

1500 Relations between area, county, state, regional and national associations and the district
*2131 Superintendent
*9250 Expenses
*9271 Code of Ethics

EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Roselle Park Board of Education members receive no payment for their services. With board approval, they may be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred on board business.

Travel and Related Expenses

Travel reimbursement will be paid only upon compliance with the board’s policy provisions and approval requirements. Board members and employees shall only be reimbursed for work-related travel that is directly related to and within the scope of the board member’s and employee’s current work responsibilities. Board members and employees shall only be reimbursed for travel that:

A. Promotes the delivery of instruction and is critical to the instructional needs of the school district or furthers the efficient operation of the school district;

B. Is educationally necessary and fiscally prudent; and

C. Is directly related to and within the scope of the board member’s current responsibilities, and for school district employees, the school district’s professional development plan.

As described in this policy, school district travel expenditures include, but are not limited to, all costs for transportation, meals, lodging, and registration or conference fees to and for the travel event. School district travel expenditures include costs for all required training and all travel authorized in existing school district employee contracts and school board policies. This includes, but is not limited to, required professional development and other staff training, required training for new school board members, and attendance at specific conferences authorized in existing employee contracts.

Travel Payments

Travel payments will be paid only upon compliance with the school board’s policy provisions and approval requirements. The school board will not ratify or approve payments or reimbursements for travel after completion of the travel event. All board members and employees shall adhere to the following specifications to be considered for reimbursement:

A. Reimbursement may not exceed State travel reimbursement guidelines as established by the Department of Treasury in NJOMB circular, (http://www.state.nj.us/infobank/circular/cir0819b.pdf) including but not limited to the types of travel, methods of transportation, mileage allowance, meal allowance, overnight travel and supporting documentation;
EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENTS (continued)

B. Reimbursement must also be in compliance with OMB Circular A-87 (found at http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a087/a87_2004.html). No reimbursement will be issued without submission of written documentation such as receipts, checks and vouchers detailing the amount the expenditures. Such documentation must be submitted within a timeframe to be established by the board;

C. Travel expenditures must be in compliance with state travel payment guidelines as established by the Department of the Treasury and with guidelines established by the federal Office of Management and Budget; except that those guidelines that conflict with the provisions of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes shall not be applicable, including, but not limited to, the authority to issue travel charge cards. All applicable restrictions and requirements set forth in the State and federal guidelines including, but not limited to, types of travel, methods of transportation, mileage allowance, subsistence allowance, and submission of supporting documentation including receipts, checks or vouchers, shall be observed;

D. Board members and employees shall provide within one week, a brief report that includes, as appropriate, but may not be limited to, a description of the primary purpose for the travel, and a summary of the goals and key issues that were addressed at the event and their relevance to improving instruction or the operation of the school district. This report will be submitted to the board secretary or other appropriate party designated by the board;

E. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-5.9 concerning out-of-state and high-cost travel events, out-of-state travel shall be limited to the fewest number of board members or employees needed to present the content at the conclusion of the event. Lodging may only be provided if the event occurs on two or more consecutive days and where home-to-event commute exceeds 50 miles. Prior written approval of the Executive County Superintendent may be required when the travel event has a total cost that exceeds $5000.

In addition to the requirements above, employee travel, to be reimbursable, must be directly related to the employee’s professional development. No district employee shall be reimbursed for travel and related expenses without prior written approval of the superintendent and prior approval by a majority of the full voting membership of the board (as set forth below).

Prior Approval Is Required

Board members shall only be reimbursed for travel and related expenses that have received prior approval by a majority of the full voting membership of the board, and are in compliance with N.J.S.A. 18A:12-24 and 24.1 of the School Ethics Act.

A. Specifically, a board member must recuse himself from voting on travel if the board member, a member of his immediate family, or a business organization in which he has an interest, has a direct or indirect financial involvement that may reasonably be expected to impair his objectivity or independence of judgment;
EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENTS (continued)

B. Also, a board member shall not: act in his official capacity in any matter in which he or a member of his immediate family has a personal involvement that is or creates some benefit to the school official or member of his immediate family; or undertake any employment or service, whether compensated or not, which may reasonably be expected to prejudice his independence of judgment in the execution of his official duties;

C. For employees, a board of education requires that travel occur only upon prior written approval of the superintendent and prior approval by a majority of the full voting membership of the board; and

D. For board members, travel may occur only upon prior approval by a majority of the full voting membership of the board and that the travel be in compliance with section 4 of P.L.1991, c.393 (C.18A:12-24) and section 5 of P.L.2001, c.178 (C.18A:12-24.1).

Regular Business Travel Authorization and Approval

Regular business travel, such as NJDOE meetings and association events, is authorized by the board not to exceed $1,500 per employee, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-7.3(b). Approval by the superintendent or designee is required, including justification for the travel. Regular business travel is authorized for regularly scheduled in-state professional development activities for which the registration fee does not exceed $150 per employee or board member.

Travel Advances Are Banned

An employee of the school board, a school board member, or organization, shall not receive an amount for travel and travel-related expenses in advance of the travel pursuant to N.J.S.A 18A:19-1 et seq.

Annual Maximum Travel Expenditure Amount

The board shall:

A. Allot in its annual budget a maximum travel expenditure amount and annually review its policy to assure that it properly reflects the amount budgeted;

B. Vote to authorize each reimbursement; specifying the way in which it promotes the delivery of instruction or furthers the efficient operation of the school district, within the maximum annual amount;

C. Annually in the pre-budget year, establish by school board resolution, a maximum travel expenditure amount for the budget year, which the school district shall not exceed in that budget year. The school board resolution shall also include the maximum amount established for the pre-budget year and the amount spent to date;

D. Provide that the maximum school district travel expenditure amount shall include all travel in accordance with this policy supported by local and State funds.
EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENTS (continued)

Additional Detailed Accounting Requirements which Demonstrate Compliance

In order to demonstrate compliance with this policy, documentation of all reimbursed travel expenses shall be maintained on file. This record may include receipts, checks and vouchers submitted in connection with any reimbursement. The district shall maintain separate accounting for school district travel expenditures as necessary, to ensure compliance with the school district’s maximum travel expenditure amount. This may include, but need not be limited to, a separate or offline accounting of such expenditures or expanding the school district’s accounting system. The tracking system shall be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the board’s policy and this section, and shall provide auditable information.

To minimize travel expenditures, school boards and staff will take the following steps:

A. “Retreats” will be held at school district facilities, if available. A retreat is a meeting of school district employees and school board members, held away from the normal work environment, at which organizational goals and objectives are discussed;

B. A school district shall not bear costs for car rentals, limousine services, and chauffeuring costs to or during the event, as well as costs for employee attendance for coordinating other attendees accommodations at the travel event;

C. One-day trips that do not involve overnight lodging are not eligible for a subsistence payment or reimbursement except in limited circumstances authorized in Department of the Treasury guidelines;

D. Overnight travel is eligible for a subsistence payment or reimbursement as authorized in Department of the Treasury guidelines, except as otherwise superseded by the following:

1. Per diem payment or reimbursement for lodging and meals will be actual reasonable costs, not to exceed the federal per diem rates as established in the federal register for the current year;

2. Lodging expenses may exceed the federal per diem rates if the hotel is the site of the convention, conference, seminar or meeting and the going rate of the hotel is in excess of the federal per diem rates. If the hotel at the site of the convention, conference, seminar, or meeting is no longer available, lodging may be paid for similar accommodations at a rate not to exceed the hotel rate for the event;

3. Receipts are required for hotel expenses. Meal expenses under the federal per diem allowance limits do not require receipts;

4. In any case in which the total per diem reimbursement is greater than the federal per diem rate, except when the going rate for lodging at the site of the convention or meeting exceeds federal per diem rates, the costs will be considered to be excessive and shall not be paid by school district funds;

5. School districts shall patronize hotels and motels that offer special rates to government employees unless alternative lodging offers greater cost benefits;
EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENTS (continued)

6. Air and rail tickets shall be purchased via the internet, if possible, using online travel services such as Travelocity, Expedia, Hotwire or Priceline.

7. Payment or reimbursement is approved for the full cost of an official convention meal that the employee or school board member attends, when the meal is scheduled as an integral part of the convention or conference proceedings. If a meal is included in the registration fee, the allowance for the meal is not eligible for reimbursement; and

Blanket or general pre-approval for travel is not authorized, and will not be permitted by the board. Specifically, approval shall be itemized by event, event total cost, and number of employees and school board members attending the event. However a school board may also approve, at any time prior to the event, travel for multiple months as long as the school board approval, as detailed in school board minutes, itemizes the approval by event, total cost, and number of employees and school board members attending the event.

Types of Expenditures Not Eligible for Reimbursement

Unnecessary and excessive travel expenditures as listed in N.J.A.C. 6A:23A:7.8 are prohibited. Prohibited types of expenditures include: travel by spouses and other relatives; costs for unnecessary employee attendance (for example employees who merely coordinate other attendees’ accommodations at the travel event); charges for laundry, valet service and entertainment; district payment for alcoholic beverages; excessive tipping and gratuities; airfare without documentation of at least three (3) price quotes; and souvenirs. Travel expenses, subsistence expenses and incidental travel expenses shall only be allowable when consistent with N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-7.

Penalties

The board by this policy informs its members and staffs that the penalties for violating this policy based on state law include:

A. By law, any district board of education that violates its established maximum travel expenditure, or that otherwise is not in compliance with the travel limitations set forth in this section may be subject to sanctions by the commissioner as authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:4-23 and N.J.S.A. 18A:4-24, including reduction of State aid in an amount equal to any excess expenditure;

B. A person who approves any travel in violation of the school district’s policy or this section shall be required to reimburse the school district in an amount equal to three times the cost associated with attending the event;

C. An employee or member of the board of education who travels in violation of the school district’s policy or this section shall be required to reimburse the school district in an amount equal to three times the cost associated with attending the event.

The superintendent may develop regulations to implement this policy.
EXPENSES AND REIMBURSEMENTS (continued)

Adopted: December 6, 2005
Revised: June 12, 2007
Revised March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Reimbursement of Board Members, Board Member Reimbursement, Board Member Expenses, Employee Reimbursement, Employee Expenses, Reimbursement of Employees

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 18A:2-1 Power to effectuate action  
N.J.S.A. 18A:4-23 Supervision of schools; enforcement of rules  
and 24 Determining efficiency of schools; report to state board  
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties  
N.J.S.A. 18A:12-4 Compensation of members  
and 24.1 Code of Ethics  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-5.9 Out of state and high cost travel  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-7.1 et seq. School district travel policies and procedures

P.L. 2005, c.132 Appropriations Act

P.L. 2007, c. 52 A5 provides for various school district accountability measures

In the Matter of Anthony Esgro, Luis Perez, Clifford Meeks and Frank Speziali v Glassboro Board of Education, CO7-97, March 30, 1998

Possible Cross References:  
3571 Financial reports  
*9200 Orientation and training of board members  
*9270 Conflict of interest

POLICY
Roselle Park Board of Education
Roselle Park, New Jersey
File Code: 9314

SUSPENSION OF POLICIES, BYLAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Roselle Park Board of Education has developed a careful and deliberate process of formulating and adopting its policies, regulations and bylaws. Requests for suspension of any existing policy or regulation should receive the same careful consideration.

Therefore:

A. Any request for a waiver of policy or regulation shall be considered in light of the policy or regulation itself, rather than any particular circumstances of the moment;

B. The board shall decide whether the policy or regulation still reflects the considered intent of the board. If it does, the suspension will be denied and the policy or regulation reaffirmed in the minutes;

C. If the policy or regulation does not reflect the intent of the board, then the policy or regulation shall be waived by a majority vote of the members of the board present and voting and development of a revised policy or regulation shall become the board's prime policy priority;

D. The board shall determine whether rights of the public would be adversely affected by the proposed suspension or waiver of policy or regulation. If the public’s rights would be adversely affected, the suspension or waiver will be denied.

In the event of an emergency requiring immediate action, the superintendent shall have the power to waive policy or regulation in the single instance. In such cases, the superintendent shall report the instance to the board president immediately, and request reconsideration of the policy at the next regular meeting. In no event shall any such action by the superintendent constitute a revision of official board policy.

The bylaws of the Roselle Park Board of Education shall not be waived or suspended, and may only be amended at any public meeting by a two-thirds vote of the full membership of the board, provided that the amendment has been submitted in writing at a previous regular or special meeting. Such notice shall be signed by a movant and a second. Any amendment to the bylaws shall have immediate effect, unless the amendment specifies an alternate effective date. In any amendment to the bylaws, the board secretary shall be authorized to correct article and heading designations, punctuation and cross-references and to make other such technical and conforming changes as necessary to effect the full intent of the board.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:
SUSPENSION OF POLICIES, BYLAWS AND REGULATIONS (continued)

Key Words

Policy; Board Policy; Bylaws; Board Bylaws; Regulations; Administrative Regulations; Suspension of Policies; Bylaws and Regulations

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties  
N.J.S.A. 18A:17-20 Tenured and non-tenured superintendents; general powers and duties  
N.J.A.C. 6A:10-8.1 et seq. Evaluation of the superintendent  
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-2.1 Definitions (superintendent and administrative principal)


Possible Cross References:  
*2210 Administrative leeway in absence of board policy  
*9311 Formulation, adoption, amendment of policies  
*9312 Formulation, adoption, amendment of bylaws  
*9313 Formulation, adoption, amendment of administrative regulations

POLICY
Roselle Park Board of Education
Roselle Park, New Jersey

PUBLIC AND EXECUTIVE SESSIONS

The Roselle Park Board of Education shall officially transact all business at a legal meeting of the board in accordance with New Jersey law.

All meetings of the board of education shall be open to the public with the exception of meetings to discuss:

A. Any matter which by express provision of state or federal law or rule of court shall be rendered confidential;

B. Any matter in which the release of information would impair a right to receive federal funds;

C. Any material the disclosure of which constitutes an unwarranted invasion of individual privacy, unless the individual (or all the individuals) concerned shall request in writing that the same be disclosed publicly. This includes information contained in pupil records, and any reports or recommendations concerning a specific individual (see policy 1120 Board of Education Meeting);

D. Any collective bargaining agreement or the terms and conditions which are proposed for inclusion in any collective bargaining agreement, including the actual negotiating sessions with representatives of employee groups;

E. Any matter involving the purchase, lease or acquisition of real property (land or buildings) with public funds, where it could adversely affect the public interest if discussion of such matters were disclosed;

F. The tactics and techniques used in protecting the safety and property of the public, provided that their disclosure could impair such protection;

G. Any investigations of violations or possible violations of law;

H. Any pending or anticipated litigation or contract negotiations other than collective bargaining, and any matters falling within the attorney-client privilege, to the extent that confidentiality is required in order for the attorney to exercise his/her ethical duties as a lawyer;

I. Any matter involving employment, appointment, termination, terms and conditions of employment, evaluation, promotion or disciplining of any prospective or current public employee or officer unless all the individual employees whose rights could be adversely affected request in writing that the matter be discussed at a public meeting; and

J. Any deliberations occurring after a public hearing that may result in the imposition of a specified civil penalty or loss of license to an individual.
PUBLIC AND EXECUTIVE SESSIONS (continued)

Such sessions shall be closed to the public and press, and shall be declared so by a formal motion at a public meeting. Minutes taken at such meetings shall remain confidential only so long as their publication would defeat the purpose of the executive session. That such a meeting will be or was held shall be recorded in the minutes of the preceding or subsequent regular meeting. Board members and other persons attending the session shall not disclose the topic or details of discussion at executive session.

The board may invite staff members or others to attend executive sessions at its discretion.

When public employees make statements pursuant to their official duties: in the classroom, at board meetings, and at other meetings related to educational issues affecting the district, the employees are not speaking as citizens for First Amendment purposes, and the Constitution does not insulate their communications from employer discipline (Garcetti v. Ceballos).

No official action shall be taken at executive sessions, except such as may be sanctioned by law. To take final action on any other matter discussed, the board shall convene or reconvene in open session.

Public Participation

Meetings of the board are open to the public and all members of the community should feel free to attend. A time for public discussion of agenda items shall be included in the order of business at an appropriate time.

Brief comments on any matter of interest to the district should be reserved for the time provided in the order of business.

Provision may be made for the introduction by a member of the public of business not on the agenda when the matter is of such urgency or wide interest that delaying consideration of it to the next meeting would not be in the public interest.

Grievances or complaints that have not previously been considered through administrative channels shall not be acted upon by the board.

All statements shall be directed to the presiding officer. Where appropriate, the presiding officer shall direct the inquiries to the Superintendent of Schools, who will determine the appropriate response; no participant may address or question Board members and/or staff members individually.

The presiding officer may inform a speaker that his allotted time is coming to an end and subsequently terminate his speaking privilege at the end of his three minutes. The presiding officer may also request an individual leave or request assistance from law enforcement officials of a disorderly person when that person's conduct substantially interferes with the orderly process of the meeting, or call a recess for an adjournment to another time when the lack of public decorum so interferes with the orderly conduct of the meeting as to warrant such action.
Electronic Communication Among Board Members

The board of education believes that electronic communication among its members and the administration is an efficient and convenient way to exchange information, but must not be misused to deliberate issues that are appropriately discussed only in a public meeting. Therefore, board members and administrators shall exercise caution when communicating between and among themselves via electronic messaging services including but not limited to email, internet web forums and internet chat rooms. They should understand at all times that these communications represent permanent school district records that can be subject to public disclosure. Electronic messaging communication shall conform to the same standards of judgment, propriety and ethics as other forms of board-related communication (committee meetings, telephone calls, etc.). Board members shall adhere to the following guidelines when communicating electronically:

A. Board members shall not use email or any other electronic messaging service as a substitute for deliberations at board meetings. The Open Public Meetings Act defines a “meeting” as any gathering attended by, or open to, all of the members of a public body, held with the intent to discuss or act as a unit upon the specific public business of that body;

B. Board members shall be aware that email and email attachments received or prepared for use in board business are likely to be regarded as public records that may be inspected by any person upon request, unless otherwise made confidential by law;

C. Board members shall avoid reference to confidential information about employees, students or others in email communications because of the risk of improper disclosure;

D. Board members shall adhere to the district “acceptable use” policy in all email communications and shall refrain from sending inappropriate, profane, harassing or abusive emails. (See file code 6142.10 Technology);

E. Board members shall not reveal their passwords to others in the network or to anyone outside of it, except to the system administrator. If any board member has reason to believe a password has been lost or stolen, or that email is being accessed by someone without authorization, he/she shall notify the superintendent immediately.

Electronic “Surveying” Communications

The board of education believes that “paperless board meetings” are a type of electronic communication among its members and the administration that is an efficient and convenient way to exchange information, but must not be misused to deliberate issues that are appropriately discussed only in a public meeting. Therefore, board members and administrators shall exercise caution when communicating between and among themselves via electronic messaging services including but not limited to surveying, email, internet web forums and internet chat rooms. The surveying features of paperless board meetings shall be used consistent with the New Jersey Open Public Meetings Act by restricting its use in the following ways:
PUBLIC AND EXECUTIVE SESSIONS (continued)

A. The board shall maintain and provide access to all electronic communications pursuant to the New Jersey Open Public Records Act;

B. Surveying is a type of electronic messaging communication, and shall conform to the same standards of judgment, propriety and ethics as other forms of board-related communications (committee meetings, telephone calls, etc.);

C. Board members shall not use surveys, email or any other electronic messaging service as a substitute for deliberations at board meetings. The Open Public Meetings Act defines a "meeting" as any gathering, whether corporeal or by means of communication equipment, attended by or open to all of the members of a public body, held with the intent to discuss or act as a unit upon the specific public business of that body;

D. Surveying will not be used for topics referring to confidential information about employees, students or others in email communications because of the risk or improper disclosure; and

E. The district will avoid the appearance of conducting board discussion or actions, in which opinions are exchanged among a quorum of board members through repeated survey questions and answers, outside an open public meeting.

The board shall annually review its electronic communication policy and practices with the board attorney.

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: November 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
Board of Education Meetings, Public and Executive Sessions, Executive Sessions

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 2C:33-8 Disrupting meetings and processions  
N.J.S.A. 10:4-6 et seq. Open Public Meetings Act  
N.J.S.A. 18A:10-6 Board meetings public; frequency; hours of commencement; adjournment, etc., for lack of quorum
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties  
N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq. Public Records; Examination and Copies (Open Public Records Act)  
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the performance of school districts
PUBLIC AND EXECUTIVE SESSIONS (continued)

Rice v. Union City Board of Education, 143 N.J. Super 64 (1978)

5 U.S.C. Section 552 as amended by Public Law No. 104-231, 110 Stat. 3048
Freedom of Information Act


Possible

Cross References: *1120 Board of education meetings
*3570 District records and reports
*6142.10 Technology
*9121 Election and duties of president
*9271 Code of ethics
*9323/9324 Agenda preparation/advance delivery of meeting material
*9326 Minutes

The Roselle Park Board of Education believes that cooperation between the schools and other organizations concerned with youth, career development and mental health will enhance the opportunities of the district’s pupils. Such cooperation will also enable the district to serve its pupils better through appropriate referrals as in substance abuse programs, special needs, etc. The superintendent is encouraged to explore areas of mutual concern with the administrative officers of such organizations and to recommend desirable courses of action.

The board directs the superintendent to seek and maintain working relationships with local colleges and universities in such areas as student teaching, inservice staff development and advanced placement.

It is of particular importance to establish and maintain close working relations with trades, businesses and industries which provide members for advisory committees and are possible sources of career placements for our pupils.

Core Curriculum Content Standards Including the Common Core State Standards

The board shall encourage the active involvement of representatives from the community, business, industry, labor, and higher education in the development of educational programs aligned with the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards for mathematics and language arts and literacy.

The board shall make reasonable efforts to develop articulation agreements with New Jersey colleges and universities to facilitate the delivery of college credit courses to qualified high school students, with the understanding that these credits shall be accepted at all public New Jersey higher education institutions.

Charter Schools

The board shall follow all procedures in code and statute when a charter school is proposed for the district or when district students would be eligible to attend a charter school in another district.

Donations to Private Organizations

The authority for a board of education to expend public funds is derived from the constitutional mandate to "provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of free public schools." The donation of moneys to any private organization, regardless of the merits of that organization’s purposes, is not within the authority of the board and is, therefore, prohibited.
RELATIONS BETWEEN OTHER ENTITIES AND THE DISTRICT (continued)

Adopted: October 18, 2005  
Revised: March 16, 2010  
NJSBA Review/Update: September 2015  
Readopted:

Key Words

Other Entities and the District, Relations Between Other Entities and the District, Donations to Private Organizations

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties
N.J.S.A. 18A:17-14.1 Appointment of school business administrators; may act as secretary; duties, etc.
N.J.S.A. 18A:20-9 Conveyance of unneeded real estate for nominal consideration; qualified recipients; reversion
N.J.S.A. 18A:20-34 Use of schoolhouse and grounds for various purposes
N.J.S.A. 18A:61C-1 Program promoting cooperation between high schools and institutions of higher education; establishment; objective; increased availability of college-level instruction; scope
N.J.S.A. 18A:61C-4 Program providing college credit courses for high school students on high school campuses; establishment
N.J.S.A. 40A:65-1 et seq. Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act
N.J.S.A. 52:14-15.9cl et seq. Public Employees Charitable Fund-Raising Act
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.1(a)2 Curriculum and instruction
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.3(a) Enrollment in college courses
N.J.A.C. 6A:11-1.1 et seq. Charter Schools
N.J.A.C. 6A:14-7.1 et seq. Receiving Schools
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-1.1 et seq. Student Development Programs
RELATIONS BETWEEN OTHER ENTITIES AND THE DISTRICT (continued)

See particularly:
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-4.1(a)(b), -4.2(a)
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-20.1 et seq. Ownership and storage of textbooks
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the performance of school districts


New Jersey Constitution, Article VIII, Section III, pars. 2 and 3, Section IV, par. 1

Possible Cross References:
1320 Participation in out-of-school community activities
1322 Contests for pupils
1330 Use of school facilities
1410 Local units
1420 County and intermediate units
1500 Relations between area, county, state, regional and national associations and the district
2131 Superintendent
3280 Gifts, grants and bequests
4122 Student teachers/interns
5131.6 Drugs, alcohol, tobacco (substance abuse)
5141.6 Crisis intervention
5200 Nonpublic school pupils
6010 Goals and objectives
6122 Articulation
6141.5 Advanced placement
6142.4 Physical education and health
6146 Graduation requirements
6162.4 Community resources
6171.2 Gifted and talented

BUDGET PLANNING, PREPARATION AND ADOPTION

The Roselle Park Board of Education declares that the budget is the financial reflection of the educational plan for the district. The budget shall be designed to carry out that plan in a thorough and efficient manner and to maintain the facilities and honor the obligations of the district. The budget shall be in accord with statutory and regulatory mandates of the federal government, the state legislature, the state board of education and the board of education.

The budget shall provide sufficient resources for the designed curriculum and instruction. The budget shall be delivered in such a way that all students have the opportunity to achieve the knowledge and skills defined by the Core Curriculum Content Standards and local standards.

In reviewing budget proposals, the board will consider priorities to be accomplished during the subsequent year, based on the needs identified through the district's planning process. The budget shall be prepared on forms prescribed by the Commissioner of Education and should be considered critically by each board member during its preparation.

In order to ensure adequate time for the preparation and review of the proposed budget, the board directs the superintendent to develop a schedule of events associated with the development, presentation and adoption of the budget by the board. This calendar of events shall conform to all dates set out in statute and shall be reviewed and adopted by the board annually. The superintendent shall prepare a tentative budget and shall confer with the principals, department heads, board committees and other district personnel, as necessary, to make the tentative budget realistic.

The board may call upon key personnel to discuss those portions of the budget that concern their areas of district operations.

The budget should evolve primarily from the district’s goals and schools' current needs, but shall also consider the data collected in long-range budget planning. In preparing budget requests, the responsible administrator shall include the following costs by program area:

A. Staff;
B. Textbooks, equipment and supplies;
C. Cost and maintenance of facilities and equipment; and
D. Other costs associated with the operation of each program.
BUDGET PLANNING, PREPARATION AND ADOPTION (continued)

The district’s operating budget, when presented to the board for review, shall contain:

A. The proposed expenditure for each line item requested for the ensuing year;

B. The anticipated expenditure for each existing line item in the current school year;

C. The actual expenditure for each then-existing line item from the immediately completed school year;

D. A description of each line item;

E. An estimate of the pupil population for the coming school year by grade;

F. The current pupil population by grade;

G. An estimate of the staff needed for the coming school year by grade and/or by subject;

H. Actual staff for the current year;

I. Anticipated revenue by sources and amounts;

J. Amount of surplus anticipated at the end of the current school year including accumulated surplus;

K. All other expenses projected for the coming year, anticipated for the present year, and incurred in the preceding year, on the district level; and

L. Projected impact on tax rate.

The board may submit a separate budget proposal or proposals to the voters for additional general fund tax levies which may be in excess to that which has been determined necessary for all students to have an opportunity to achieve the Core Curriculum Content Standards including the Common Core State Standards and a thorough and efficient education. The board shall adopt any such questions by a recorded roll call majority vote of the full board.

Since the budget is the legal basis on which the school tax rate is established, the annual school budget process is an important means of communication within the school organization and with district residents. The community shall be notified of and encouraged to attend all board meetings at which preliminary budget discussions will be held. The legally required public hearing on the proposed budget shall be held after the budget has been approved by the executive county superintendent and within the statutorily prescribed timelines.

The annual budget proposal must be adopted by a roll call majority vote of the full membership of the board. Once adopted, the proposal represents the position of the board, and all reasonable means shall be employed by the board to present and explain that position to all community residents and taxpayers.
The proposed budget as accepted by this board shall be set forth in detail, using the form prescribed by the State Department of Education. It shall be made available to the public and posted in a user friendly format on the district website as required by law. A brochure may be published to explain the annual school budget and will be distributed to district taxpayers, if the board of education deems it necessary.

The brochure should include:

A “user-friendly” summary of the proposed budget shall be provided on the district’s website following the public hearing on the budget and prior to the school election in April. After the election (and following municipal review if the budget is defeated), a final user-friendly summary of the final budget shall be posted on both the district’s website and the Department of Education’s website. The posting shall stay on-line for a year, until it is replaced by the following year’s budget summary.

A brochure may be published to explain the annual school budget and may be distributed to district taxpayers, if the board of education deems it necessary.

A. A summary of the proposed expenditures and anticipated revenues;

B. General information which may enable district taxpayers to understand the proposed budget better; for example, present and projected school enrollments and assessed valuations, state aid, and teachers’ salaries;

C. An explanation of significant changes in the budget;

D. An explanation of the tax impact of the proposed budget.

All board members are expected to attend the public hearing on the budget.

The user-friendly budget shall include:

A. All appropriation line items aggregated by item type;

B. The school tax rate;

C. The equalized school tax rate;

D. Revenues by major category;

E. The amount of available surplus;

F. A description of unusual revenues or appropriations, with a description of the circumstances of the revenues and appropriations; and

G. A list of shared services agreements in which the district is participating.
BUDGET PLANNING, PREPARATION AND ADOPTION (continued)

Adopted: January 17, 2006
Revised: March 16, 2010
Revised: October 19, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: September 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Budget Planning, Preparation and Adoption; Planning; Budget

Legal References:  
N.J.S.A. 18A:22-7, -8 Preparation of budgets ...
through -13  
N.J.S.A. 18A:22-14 Fixing appropriations to be made; notice of intent to appeal (Type I districts)  
N.J.S.A. 18A:22-25 Borrowing against appropriations on notes (Type I districts)  
N.J.S.A. 18A:22-26 Type II district with board of school estimate; determination; certification and raising of appropriations; notice of intent to appeal amount of appropriation ...  
through -31  
N.J.S.A. 18A:22-32, -33 Type II districts without board of school estimate; determination of appropriation  
N.J.S.A. 18A:39-1.5 Adoption of policy regarding transportation of students along hazardous routes  
N.J.S.A. 19:60-1 School elections, adjustments, ballots  
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-1.1 et seq. Standards and Assessment  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-8.1 et seq. Budget Submission, support documentation, website publication  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-15.2 Per pupil calculation, notification and caps (charter schools)  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-15.3 Enrollment counts payments process and aid adjustment (charter schools)  
N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-22.4 Financial requirements (charter schools)  
N.J.A.C. 6A:26-10.1 et seq. Purchase and lease Agreements  
N.J.A.C. 6A:30-1.1 et seq. Evaluation of the Performance of School Districts  

Possible Cross References:  
*3160 Transfer of funds between line items/amendments/purchases not budgeted
*3220/3230 State funds; federal funds
*3326 Payment for goods and services

INVENTORIES

The board secretary shall maintain an accurate and complete inventory of all buildings, fixed equipment and contents, and their value, in order to offer proof of loss in the event of an insurance claim and to provide a continuous chain of accountability.

The inventory shall be updated to reflect new equipment and shall be verified in a cycle to coincide with the reissuance of insurance policies. Loss of any portable capital equipment of $500.00 unit value or more shall be reported to the board. Consumable supplies shall be maintained on a continuous inventory basis.

Major discrepancies in inventories which are not resolved by proper accounting procedures shall be reported to the board.

The board shall determine when it is necessary to hire an outside service to assist in appraisal.

Adopted: February 7, 2007
Revised: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: September 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
Inventory, District Records and Reports

Legal Reference:
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-2 Power to sue and be sued; reports; census of school children

Possible Cross References:
3530 Insurance management
*3570 District records and reports

EQUIPMENT

Equipment purchased by the Roselle Park Board of Education is intended for support of the educational program.

The superintendent shall oversee the maintenance of all district educational and noneducational equipment in safe working condition. No employee or pupil shall use equipment found unsafe. Equipment use during school hours shall be properly supervised by appropriate teaching staff.

Specific items of equipment may be loaned or rented for community use after a written request is made to and approval granted by the superintendent. The user of district-owned equipment shall be fully liable for any damage or loss occurring to the equipment during the period of its use. He/she shall be responsible for its safe return.

When equipment authorized for loan requires the services of an operator, the user shall employ the services of a person designated by the district and shall pay such costs as have been set for his/her hire.

The board shall not be responsible for any loss, damage or injury liability or expense that may arise during or be caused in any way by such use of district equipment.

School equipment may be removed from school property by pupils or staff members only when such equipment is necessary to accomplish tasks arising from their school or job responsibilities. The consent of the principal is required for such removal.

Removal of school equipment from school property for personal use is prohibited.

Adopted: September 18, 2007
Revised: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: September 25, 2015
Readopted:

Key Words

Loaning District Equipment

N.J.S.A. 18A:20-34 Use of schoolhouse and grounds for various purposes
N.J.A.C. 6A:26-12.2 Policies and procedures for school facility operation
EQUIPMENT (continued)

Possible Cross References: *1330 Use of school facilities
*1410 Local units
*3250 Income from fees, fines, charges
*3510 Operation and maintenance of plant
*3516 Safety
3530 Insurance management
4143 Extra pay for extra work
*4147/4247 Employee safety
4243 Overtime pay
*5142 Pupil safety

CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

The Roselle Park Board of Education believes that a child's physical and mental well-being must be maintained as a prerequisite to achievement through the formal educational process. The board therefore believes that it is important to identify and investigate suspected child abuse or neglect immediately. The school district will cooperate with the New Jersey Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCP&P) in identifying and reporting all such cases, whether institutional or noninstitutional. The superintendent/designee shall act as liaison between DCP&P and the district. The liaison shall facilitate communication and cooperation between the district and DCP&P and act as primary contact between the schools and DCP&P.

The board directs the superintendent/designee to gather, maintain, secure and make available to DCP&P the relevant confidential district records of any pupil alleged either by school personnel or DCP&P to be the victim of abuse or neglect as defined by law. The board also directs the superintendent/designee to cooperate with DCP&P in scheduling interviews with any employee, volunteer or pupil who may have information relevant to an investigation of child abuse.

In order to increase school employees’ and volunteers’ awareness of the symptoms of child abuse and neglect and cause them to be better informed on all aspects of abuse and neglect, the board directs the superintendent to provide information and inservice training on the subject to all school employees and volunteers.

The superintendent is therefore directed to develop procedures for compliance with statutory requirements that child abuse and neglect be reported. All procedures as well as this policy shall be reviewed by the Executive County Superintendent. Procedures shall:

A. Impress on all staff members and volunteers having contact with pupils of their responsibility to report directly and immediately to DCP&P all cases of suspected abuse, abandonment, cruelty or neglect resulting in physical or mental injury, and the penalties for failing to do so. Point out that institutional abuse—abuse alleged to have taken place in the school or other institutional setting by paid school staff or a volunteer—must be reported on the same basis as noninstitutional abuse. Information reported shall include the name, age, and grade of the child, as well as the name and address of the child's parents/guardians. The report shall also include a description of the child's condition, nature and extent of his/her possible injuries, and any other information pertinent to the child abuse or neglect or identification of the suspected perpetrator;

B. Require all school personnel and volunteers to report suspected instances of child abuse or neglect to the building principal after reporting to DCP&P, unless the reporting personnel believes that he/she may be endangering the welfare of the child or himself/herself or causing retaliation or discrimination against the child or himself/herself by such notice to the building principal;

C. Provide for the annual delivery of information and inservice training to all school staff members and volunteers concerning child abuse and neglect. This shall include instruction on child abuse and neglect identification and reporting procedures;
CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (continued)

D. Provide for the delivery of information and inservice training to all new school district employees, both paid and voluntary, as part of their orientation;

E. Require prompt action to facilitate treatment options for the children injured by abuse or neglect in order to protect their health and wellbeing;

F. Provide for cooperation with DCP&P in scheduling interviews with any school personnel or volunteers who may have information relevant to the investigation;

G. Provide for DCP&P investigators to interview alleged victims in the presence of the school principal, his/her designee, or any staff member with whom the child is comfortable;

H. Permit DCP&P to remove pupils from school during the course of the school day when it is necessary to protect the child or take the child to a service provider. Removal shall take place when the principal is provided, either in advance or at the time removal is sought, with appropriate authorization as specified in N.J.S.A. 9:6-8.27 through -8.30;

I. Require that a report of each case of unexplained absence which might be a cause of child abuse or neglect be reported to DCP&P as the law provides, and to other appropriate school staff;

J. Require that appropriate school staff be assigned as a liaison to facilitate communication and cooperation, and act as the primary contact between the district and DCP&P in order to ensure continuance of shared information and training development;

K. Release all pupil records of the child(ren) under investigation that are deemed relevant and maintain, secure and release all confidential information about child abuse cases, according to law;

L. Fulfill other procedural requirements of the law pertaining to district response to child abuse, neglect and missing children.

The board assures all school personnel and volunteers that no one will be discharged from employment or discriminated against in any way as a result of making in good faith any reports of child abuse and neglect.

Due process rights will be provided to school personnel or volunteers who have been reassigned or suspended as a result of an accusation of child abuse or neglect. Temporary reassignment or suspension of school personnel or volunteers alleged to have committed an act of child abuse or neglect shall occur if there is reasonable cause to believe that the life or health of the alleged victim or other children is in imminent danger due to continued contact between the school personnel and a child.

All references to a report of child abuse or neglect against school personnel shall be removed from employee personnel records immediately following the receipt of an official notice from DCP&P that such allegations were unfounded.
CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (continued)

Adopted: March 16, 2010
NJSBA Review/Update: October 13, 2015
Readopted:

Key Words
Pupil Safety, Child Abuse, Child Neglect, Student Safety

Legal References: N.J.S.A. 9:6-1 et seq. Abuse, abandonment, cruelty and neglect of child; what constitutes

See particularly:
N.J.S.A. 9:6-3.1; -8.9
through -8.14; -8.21;
-8.27 through -8.30;
-8.34 through -8.36; -8.40;
-8.46; -8.56
N.J.S.A. 18A:6-7a, -10, -11,
-13, -14, -18.1, -30, -30.1
N.J.S.A. 18A:25-6, -7
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-19a
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-24 et seq. Removal from personnel files of reference to complaint of child abuse or neglect determined to be unfounded
N.J.S.A. 52:17B-9.8a et seq. Transfer of teaching staff members
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.1 Suspension of assistantsuperintendents, principals and teachers ...
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-11.1 et seq. School records
N.J.A.C. 6A:32-7.1 et seq. Reporting Allegations of Child Abuse and Neglect
Marking of missing child's school record

Possible Cross References: *5113 Absences and excuses
*5125 Pupil records
*5141.1 Accidents
*5142 Pupil safety

EMERGENCIES AND DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

The superintendent shall direct the development of plans, procedures and mechanisms for responding to emergencies and crises in the schools that threaten human life and property. He/she shall consult with law enforcement agencies, health and social services agencies and emergency management planners in developing these plans and shall ensure that they provide for the protection of the health, safety and welfare of the school population as well as supportive services for staff, students and their families.

Plans and procedures shall include these elements:

A. Cooperation with local government agencies in developing and carrying out a school/community disaster plan that includes procedures for building lockdowns when necessary;

B. Mechanisms for the orderly evacuation of buildings in case of fire or other emergencies;

C. Means to provide as much protection as possible for children at school and on their way to and from school;

D. Training in individual self-protection and survival techniques for pupils and staff;

E. Communicating specific instructions to pupils and staff so that the school emergency plan may be carried out with the greatest possible speed and safety.

The superintendent shall develop and provide an inservice training program for school staff to enable them to recognize and appropriately respond to crises, consistent with the district’s plans, procedures and mechanisms for managing crises. The inservice program shall be reviewed and updated annually.

School Safety and Security Plan

The board directs the superintendent and his or her designees to develop and implement comprehensive plans, procedures, and mechanisms that provide for safety and security in the schools. Written plans and procedures and mechanisms shall, at a minimum, provide for:

A. The protection of the health, safety, security and welfare of the school population;

B. The prevention of, intervention in, response to and recovery from emergency and crisis situations;

C. The establishment and maintenance of a climate of civility; and

D. Support services for staff, students and their families.
The superintendent shall consult with law enforcement agencies, health and social services provider agencies, emergency management planners, and school and other community resources, as appropriate, in the development of the district’s plans, procedures, and mechanisms for school safety and security.

The plans, procedures, and mechanisms shall be consistent with the format and content established by the Domestic Security Preparedness Task Force and the Commissioner. The plans, procedures, and mechanisms shall be reviewed annually and updated as appropriate.

The superintendent shall disseminate a copy of the school safety and security plan to its employees. In addition:

A. New employees shall receive a copy of the school safety and security plan, as appropriate, within 60 days of the effective date of their employment;

B. All employees shall be notified in writing, as appropriate, regarding updates and changes to the school safety and security plan;

C. All employees shall attend an in-service training program designed to allow all district board of education employees to recognize and appropriately respond to safety and security concerns, including emergencies and crises, in a manner consistent with the district board of education’s plans, procedures and mechanisms for school safety and security.

Fire Drills and School Security Drills

Fire drills shall be held at least once each month for all pupils. There shall also be at least one school security drill per month. The superintendent may order a modification of the fire drills so that they may take the form of indoor drills or of rapid dismissals with outdoor clothing when low temperatures prevail.

A written statement of procedures and instructions for fire drills and school security drills shall be formulated by the superintendent and disseminated to all staff. All staff shall also receive training on school safety and security that includes instruction on school security drills within 60 days of the commencement of that staff member’s employment, whichever date is later.

Instruction in fire prevention shall be given and emphasized in appropriate courses in the curriculum of the school. A school security drill shall be defined as an exercise to respond to an emergency situation such as a non-fire evacuation, lockdown, bomb threat, or active shooter situation that is similar in duration to a fire drill.

Required Drills

A. The district shall be required to conduct a minimum of two drills per year for each of the following drills:
   1. Active shooter;
   2. Evacuation (non-fire);
   3. Bomb threats;
   4. Lockdowns.

   Students are not required to participate in two of the eight mandated drills;
EMERGENCIES AND DISASTER PREPAREDNESS (continued)

B. Within the first 10 days of the new school year each school in the district shall be required to conduct one fire drill;

C. Within the first 15 days of the new school year each school in the district shall be required to conduct one school security drill.

Reporting

By June 30th of each year the superintendent shall submit to the executive county superintendent an annual “Statement of Assurance” report on the forms provided by the Department of Education.

Emergency Closings; Delayed Openings

The superintendent is authorized by the board to close the schools, open them late or dismiss them early in hazardous weather or in other extraordinary circumstances which might endanger the health or safety of pupils or school employees.

Each year, parents/guardians, pupils, and staff members shall be informed in advance of how they shall be notified in event of emergency closings. Parents/guardians shall be required to make alternative arrangements for their children in case no one is home to receive a child after an unscheduled early closing.

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Readopted:

Key Words

Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness, Civil Defense, Disasters, Fire Drills, Security Drills, Bomb Threats, Safety and Security Plan

Legal References:

N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1 General mandatory powers and duties
N.J.S.A. 18A:40-12 Closing schools during epidemic
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.1 et seq. School Safety and Security
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.3 Reporting students or staff members to law enforcement agencies
N.J.A.C. 6A:26-12.2 Policies and procedures for school facility operation
N.J.A.C. 8:57-1.9 Reporting of diseases by health officers

A Uniform State Memorandum of Agreement between Education and Law Enforcement Officials
School Safety and Security Plans, Minimum Requirements
Possible Cross References:  
*1410 Local units  
*2210 Administrative leeway in absence of board policy  
*3541.33 Transportation safety  
*4131/4131.1 Staff development; inservice education/visitations/conferences  
*4231/4231.1 Staff development; inservice education/visitations/conferences  
5141.6 Crisis intervention  
*6111 School calendar  
*6112 School day  